CHANGE NOTICE					
Affected Document:	IRN/SCN Number	Date:			
ICD-GPS-870 Rev D	XXX-XXXX-XXX	DD-MMM-YYYY			
Authority:	Proposed Change Notice	Date:			
RFC-00403	PCN-ICD-870D_RFC403	18-OCT-2019			

CLASSIFIED BY: N/A DECLASSIFY ON: N/A

Document Title: NAVSTAR Next Generation GPS Operational Control Segment (OCX) to User

Support Community Interface

RFC Title: Health Bit Clarification

Reason For Change (Driver):

The CNAV & CNAV-2 health summary bits for L1, L2, and L5 are not clearly defined and can be interpreted in multiple ways.

Documents affected: IS-GPS-200, IS-GPS-705, IS-GPS-800, and ICD-GPS-870

(Pre-RFC 788)

Description of Change:

Clarify the definition of the health summary bits. In addition, establish precedence for health indicators that eliminates ambiguity. May require a fix to message types.

Authored By: RE: Jennifer Lemus	Checked By: RE: Edgar Valenzuela			
AUTHORIZED SIGNATURES	REPRESENTING	DATE		
	GPS Directorate Space & Missile Systems Center (SMC) – LAAFB			
	HQ Air Force Space Command (AFSPC/50OG)			
	Department of Homeland Security (DHS), United States Coast Guard (USCG) Navigation Center (NAVCEN)			
	Department of Transportation (DOT), Federation Aviation Administration (FAA)			

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A: Approved For Public Release; Distribution is Unlimited

THIS DOCUMENT SPECIFIES TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS AND NOTHING HEREIN CONTAINED SHALL BE DEEMED TO ALTER THE TERMS OF ANY CONTRACT OR PURCHASE ORDER BETWEEN ALL PARTIES AFFECTED.

Interface Control Contractor: SAIC (GPS SE&I)

200 N. Pacific Coast Highway, Suite 1800 El Segundo, CA 90245

CODE IDENT 66RP1

ICD870-260 :
Section Number: 50.1.0-4
WAS: IS-GPS-200, Section 30.3.3.1.1.2, defines the signal health of L1, L2 and L5 as follows: "the three, one-bit, health indication in bits 52 through 54 of message type 10 refers to the L1, L2, and L5 signals of the transmitting SV. The health of each signal is indicated by: $0 = Signal \ OK,$ $1 = Signal \ bad \ or \ unavailable$
Redlines: IS-GPS-200, Section 30.3.3.1.1.2, defines the signal The health of indications for L1, L2, and L5-as follows: "the three, one-bit, health are indication defined in bits 52 through 54 of message type 10 refers to the L1, L2 IS-GPS-200, and L5 signals of the transmitting paragraph SV30. The health of each signal is indicated by:
0 = Signal OK,
3.3.1 = Signal bad or unavailable.1.2.
IS : The health indications for L1, L2, and L5 are defined in IS-GPS-200, paragraph 30.3.3.1.1.2.
Rationale : Remove quoted text and just reference information in IS-GPS-200.
ICD870-266:
Section Number : 50.1.0-10

WAS:

Line	Parameter					
No.	Name	Description	Units	Range	Accuracy	Resolution
1	Number of records	The number of satellite ESHS records contained in the file	Records	00 to 63	1	2 significant digits
			ce for forma			
	Name of ESHS file	Descriptive name for the ESHS file	N/A	Any combination of valid ASCII characters	N/A	24 significant characters
2	GPS Week Number	The Almanac reference week number (WNa) for all data in the file	Weeks	0 to 1023*	1	4 significant characters
			ce for forma			
	GPS Time of Applicability	The number of seconds since the beginning of the Almanac reference week for all data in the file.	Seconds	0 to 602,112	1	6 significant characters
3			e for Format	Spacing		
			d Format			
R-1	PRN Number	The satellite PRN number. This is a required data item as it is the GPS user's primary means of identifying GPS satellites. It is equivalent to the Space Vehicle identification (SVID) number of the SV.	None	01-63	N/A	2 significant digits
R-2	SVN	The SV reference number. Unique sequential number associated with each satellite.	None	000-255 (000 denotes this field is empty)	N/A	3 significant digits
R-3	L1C/L2C/L5 Health Status	The health status of the L1C/L2C/L5 signals, defined as follows: 0 = Signal OK 1 = Signal bad or unavailable	None e for Format	0-7 in binary format (000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110, 111)	N/A	3 significant characters

*GPS Week Number as distributed by the CS is a modulo 1024 (0-1023) decimal number representing the modulo 1024 binary week number broadcast from an SV (see IS-GPS-200). Some user applications (such as the SEM program) may require the user to replace the modulo 1024 week number in this format with the full decimal week number (e.g., 0-65,535) in order to determine the correct calendar date of the Almanac.

Redlines:

Line	Parameter						
No.	Name	Description	Units	Range	Accuracy	Resolution	
1	Number of records	The number of satellite ESHS records contained in the file	Records	00 to 63	1	2 significant digits	
	Blank space for format spacing						
	Name of ESHS file	Descriptive name for the ESHS file	N/A	Any combination of valid ASCII characters	N/A	24 significant characters	
2	GPS Week Number	The Almanac reference week number (WNa) for all data in the file	Weeks	0 to 1023*	1	4 significant characters	
			ace for forma				
	GPS Time of Applicability	The number of seconds since the beginning of the Almanac reference week for all data in the file.	Seconds	0 to 602,112	1	6 significant characters	
3		Blank Lin	e for Format	Spacing		1	
			rd Format				
R-1	PRN Number	The satellite PRN number. This is a required data item as it is the GPS user's primary means of identifying GPS satellites. It is equivalent to the Space Vehicle identification (SVID) number of the SV.	None	01-63	N/A	2 significant digits	
R-2	SVN	The SV reference number. Unique sequential number associated with each satellite.	None	000-255 (000 denotes this field is empty)	N/A	3 significant digits	
R-3	L1C/L2C/L5 Health Status	The health status of the L1C/L2C/L5 signals carrier is, defined as follows: 0 = Signal OK, 1 = Signal bad or unavailable in section 30.3.3.1.1.2 of IS-GPS- 200.	None	0-7 in binary format (000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110, 111)	N/A	3 significant characters	
R-4	Blank Line for Format Spacing						

*GPS Week Number as distributed by the CS is a modulo 1024 (0-1023) decimal number representing the modulo 1024 binary week number broadcast from an SV (see IS-GPS-200). Some user applications (such as the SEM program) may require the user to replace the modulo 1024 week number in this format with the full decimal week number (e.g., 0-65,535) in order to determine the correct calendar date of the Almanac.

No. Name Description Units Range Accuracy Resolution	Line	Parameter					
Number of records The number of satellite ESHS records contained in the file			Description	Units	Range	Accuracy	Resolution
Name of ESHS file	1		ESHS records contained in the file			1	2 significant digits
ESHS file						T	T
Care Care				N/A	combination of valid ASCII	N/A	significant
GPS Time of Applicability The number of seconds since the beginning of the Almanac reference week for all data in the file. Blank Line for Format Spacing Record Format	2		week number (WNa) for all data in the file		0 to 1023*	1	
Applicability since the beginning of the Almanac reference week for all data in the file. 3 Blank Line for Format Spacing Record Format						Г	
R-1 PRN Number The satellite PRN number. This is a required data item as it is the GPS user's primary means of identifying GPS satellites. It is equivalent to the Space Vehicle identification (SVID) number of the SV. R-2 SVN The SV reference number. Unique sequential number associated with each satellite. R-3 L1/L2/L5 Health Status The health status of the L1/L2/L5 carrier is defined in section 30.3.3.1.1.2 of IS-GPS-200. Right The satellite PRN None 01-63 N/A 2 significant digits N/A 3 significant digits N/A 3 significant digits N/A 3 significant digits			since the beginning of the Almanac reference week for all data in the file.			1	
R-1	3				Spacing		
R-2 SVN The SV reference number. Unique sequential number associated with each satellite. R-3 L1/L2/L5 Health Status R-4 L1/L2/L5 Carrier is defined in section 30.3.3.1.1.2 of IS-GPS-200.		T = = - · · ·			T		T
number. Unique sequential number associated with each satellite. R-3 L1/L2/L5 The health status of the Health Status of the L1/L2/L5 carrier is defined in section 30.3.3.1.1.2 of IS-GPS-200. None denotes this field is empty) None 0-7 in binary format (000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 111) None 0-7 in binary format (000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 111)			number. This is a required data item as it is the GPS user's primary means of identifying GPS satellites. It is equivalent to the Space Vehicle identification (SVID) number of the SV.				digits
Health Status L1/L2/L5 carrier is defined in section 30.3.3.1.1.2 of IS-GPS-200. format (000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 111) characters			number. Unique sequential number associated with each satellite.	None	denotes this field is		digits
I N-+ I DIAIN LINE IOI FOITIAL ODACINO	R-3		L1/L2/L5 carrier is defined in section 30.3.3.1.1.2 of IS-GPS-200.		format (000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110, 111)	N/A	

*GPS Week Number as distributed by the CS is a modulo 1024 (0-1023) decimal number representing the modulo 1024 binary week number broadcast from an SV (see IS-GPS-200). Some user applications (such as the SEM program) may require the user to replace the modulo 1024 week number in this format with the full decimal week number (e.g., 0-65,535) in order to determine the correct calendar date of the Almanac.

Rationale:

Line No. R-3 refers to the L1/L2/L5 carrier and associated codes and data. Maintains consistency with IS-GPS-200 changes.