

United States Global Positioning System (GPS) and Augmentation Systems Update

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Policy and International Cooperation Update

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System Updates

GPS

WAAS/LAAS

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- The U.S. supports free access to civilian GNSS signals with public domain documentation necessary to develop user equipment
- GPS is a critical component of the global information infrastructure
 - Compatible with other satellite navigation systems and interoperable at the user level
 - Guided at a national level as multi-use asset
 - Acquired and operated by Air Force on behalf of the USG
- U.S. Government policy promotes open competition and market growth for commercial GNSS

GPS is a Global Public Service providing consistent, predictable, dependable performance







Multi-lateral

- ICAO General Assembly in mid-Sept. 2007 U.S. Transportation Secretary Peters announced that Selective Availability would not exist in new GPS III satellites
- Providers Forum and ICG Planning meetings
- ICG-3 to be hosted by the U.S. at Pasadena, California in December 2008
- The U.S. will also participate in ICG working group meetings

• Bi-lateral

- EU: Next radiofrequency compatibility and interoperability working group to be held in April in France
- Japan: Working to establish QZSS Monitoring Stations at Hawaii and Guam
- India: U. S.-India meeting at Bangalore, January 22-24 on GPS & IRNSS compatibility, interoperability, spectrum issues, and ITU coordination requirements
- South Africa: Sept. 2007 discussions on coordination and co-location of GPS instruments throughout Africa to provide data streams for geologic research, space weather observations, and geodetic reference



Global Positioning System (GPS) Status

Jules McNeff

representing Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense Networks and Information Integration U.S. Department of Defense







• System Update

• Current Status

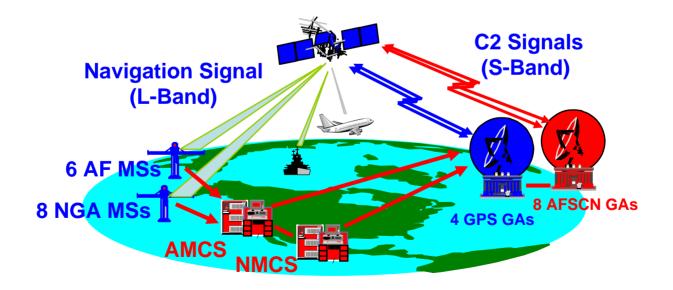
• Near-Term Plans



Operational Control Segment (OSC) Modernization: Architecture Evolution Plan (AEP)



- Transitioned to the new AEP OCS (10-14 Sep 07)
- IIR-17(M) launched 17 Oct 07 was controlled by new system
 - Replaced previous Command & Control System (CCS)





GPS Constellation Status & Availability as of 11 Jan 08



30 Healthy Satellites Baseline Constellation: 24

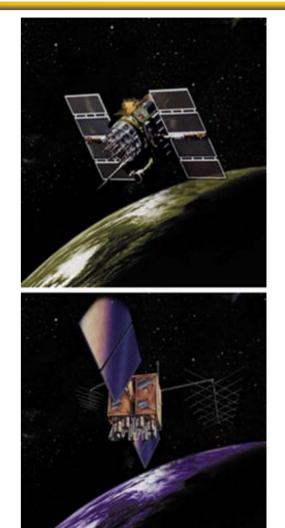
- 13 Block IIA satellites
- 12 Block IIR satellites
- 5 Block IIR-M satellites

– 3 additional IIR-M satellites to launch

• Since Dec 93, U.S. DoD met/exceeded GPS service performance commitments

SPS & PPS Performance Standards

• U.S. DoD committed to improving GPS service





GPS Launch Update



Most Recent Launch

- IIR-18(M) 5^{th} modernized SV
 - Launched Wednesday, 20 Dec 07
 - SVN 57, PRN 29, slot C1
 - Set healthy on 2 Jan 08

Next Launches

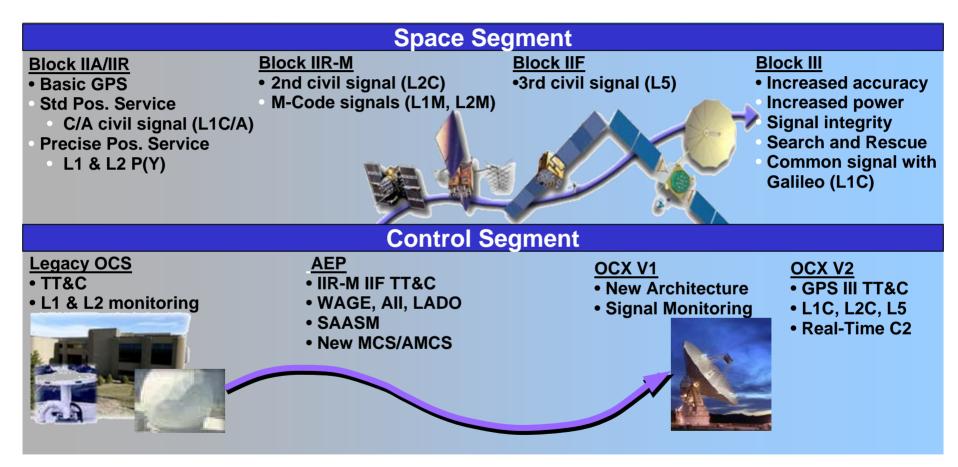
- IIR-19(M) Mar 08
- IIR-20(M) Jun 08
 - L5 demo payload
- IIR-21(M) Sep 08
- IIF-1 launch in 2009





GPS Modernization

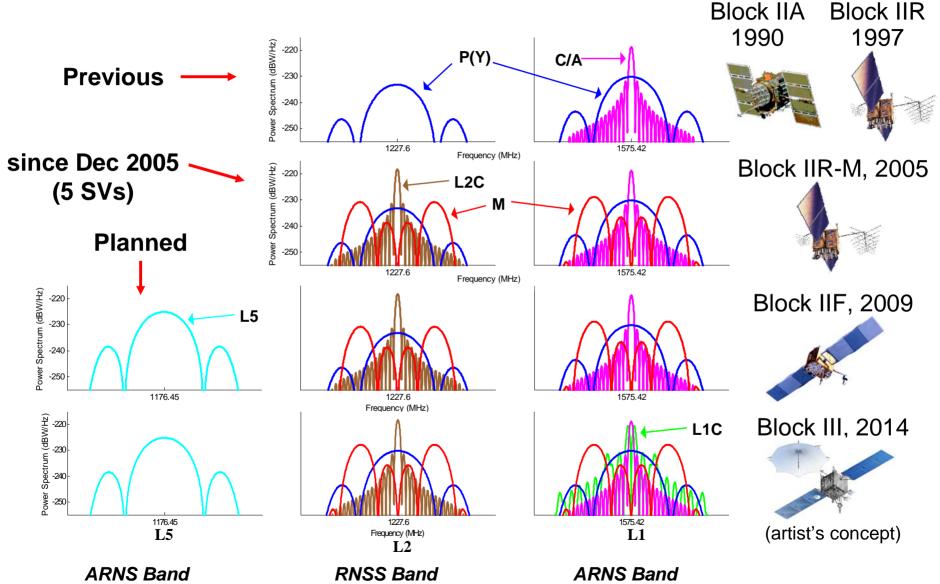




GPS modernization process looks ahead beyond 2020











- L1C will have the following benefits compared to L1 C/A:
 - Separate pilot carrier without data (75% of L1C power)
 - Pilot carrier provides 4.8 dB better code & carrier tracking threshold
 - Advanced FEC 1.4 dB better data demodulation threshold
 - Ability to demodulate messages down to carrier tracking threshold
 - More precise message structure (as with L2C and L5)
 - Longer PRN codes (better correlation performance)
 - Min L1C power specified to be 1.5 dB higher than C/A
 - EU & US teams designed new MBOC power spectral density
 - GPS TMBOC: BOC(1,1) chips time-multiplexed with BOC(6,1) chips
 - Provides more code transitions to enhance multipath mitigation
 - L1C draft specification, IS-GPS-800, available
 - Final approval is expected soon
 - Wait for approved version before committing to silicon







GPS has been operational and has met its civil service performance commitment continuously since Dec 1993

Performance continues to exceed standards

- GPS modernization is underway
 - New civil signals being launched
 - Modernized control capabilities being implemented



Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS) and Local Area Augmentation System (LAAS) Update

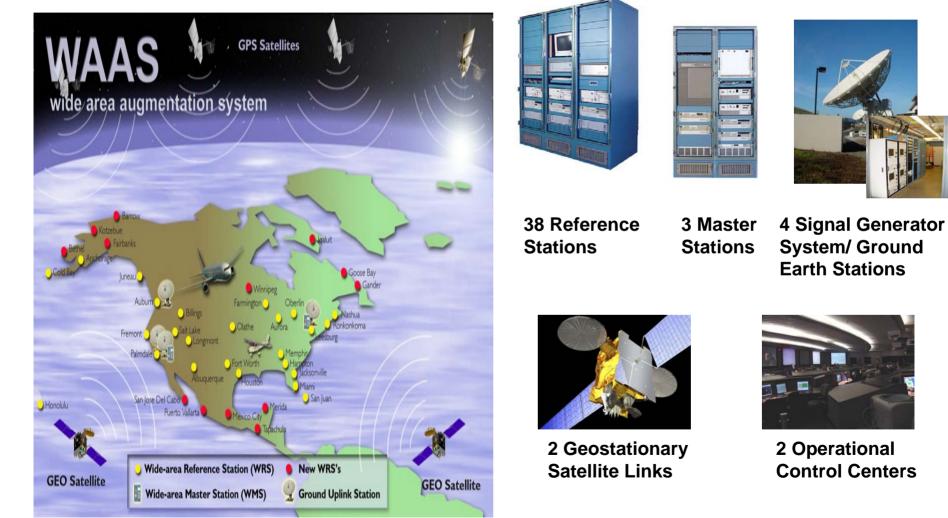
Hank Skalski

DOT/FAA Liaison to Air Force Space Command



WAAS Architecture







WAAS Performance



| | GPS Standard | GPS Actual | WAAS LPV- 200 Standard | WAAS LPV- 200 Actual |
|----------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Horizontal 95% | 36 m | 2.74 m | 16 m | 1.08 m |
| Vertical 95% | 77 m | *3.89 m | 4 m | 1.26 m |

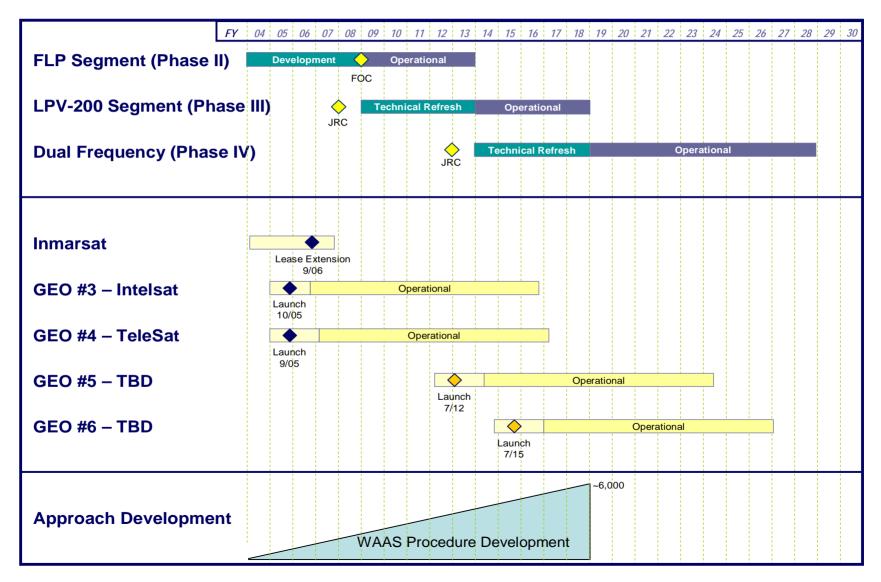
* Use of GPS vertical not authorized for aviation without augmentation (SBAS or GBAS)

WAAS Performance evaluated based on a total of 1,761 million samples (or 20,389 user days)



WAAS Enterprise Schedule



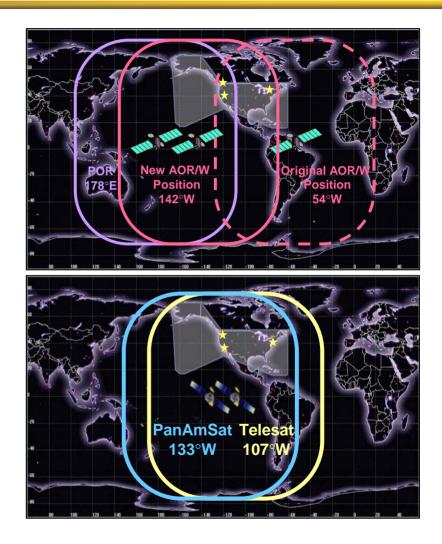




GEO Satellite Improvements



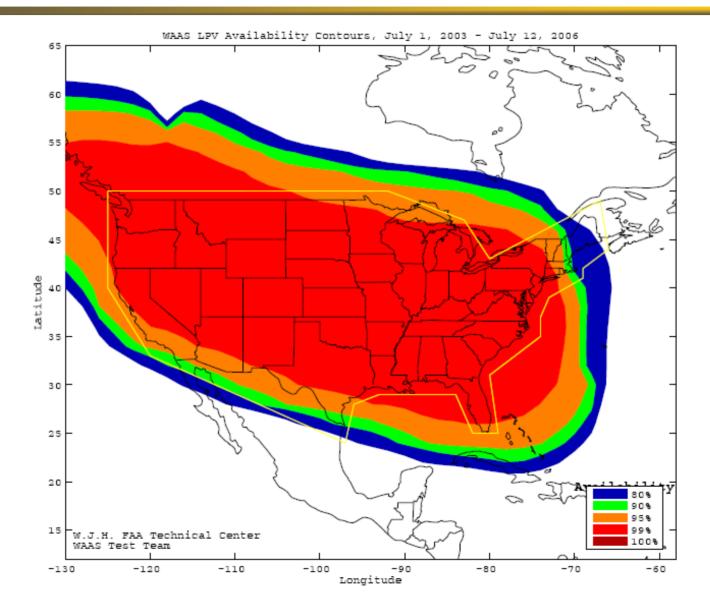
- Phase I IOC
 - Inmarsat Satellites
 - AOR-W 54W
 - POR 178E
 - AOR-W Moved to 142W
 - Leases Expired July 2007
- Phase II FLP
 - New GEOs
 - Intelsat (Galaxy XV) 133W
 - Telesat Canada (Anik F1R) 107W
 - Operational July 2007
 - 10 Year Lease





WAAS LPV Coverage - Initial Operating Capability -

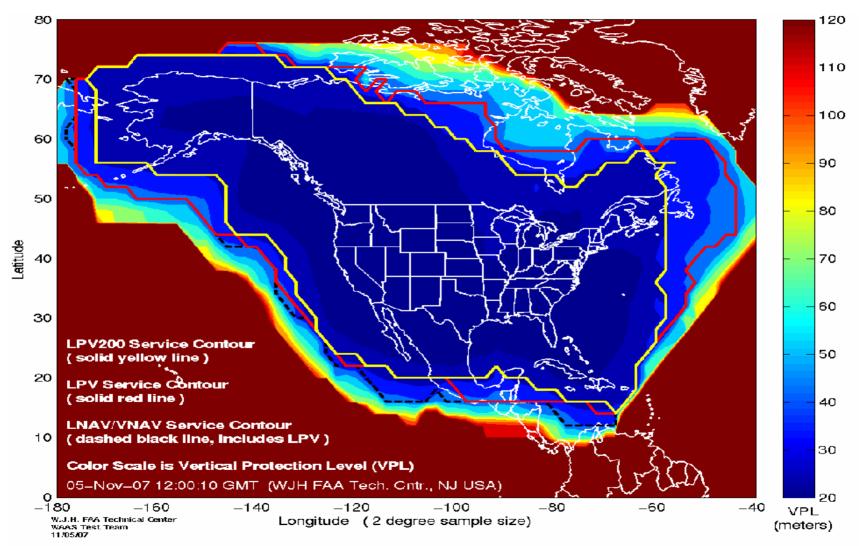






WAAS LPV Coverage - Current 2008 -

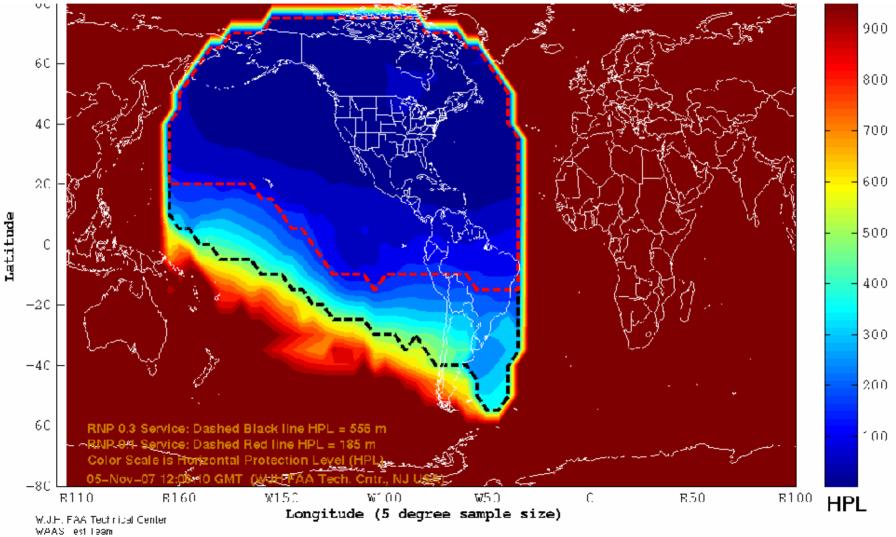






WAAS RNP Coverage - Current -





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