

Resilient GPS for the Automated and Augmented World

Leveraging a LEO Satellite Constellation for Accurate & Reliable PNT

PNTAB 27, Redondo Beach, CA, November 16, 2022

Patrick Shannon
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Less is More – The Case for Going Aggressively Small

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#### Overview



- TrustPoint Company Overview
- The Goal
- Small Satellites
- Small Orbits
- Small Waves
- Key Conclusions
- Recommendations

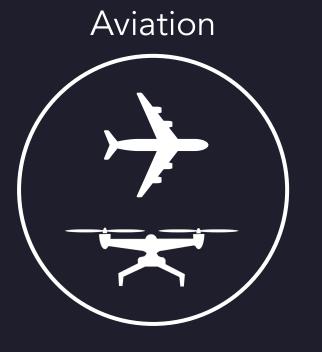


# TrustPoint Company Overview

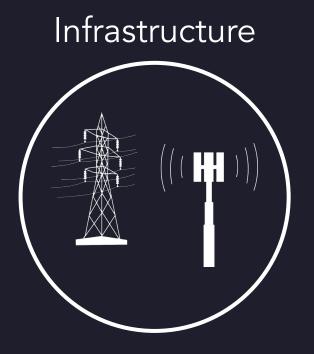
- Founded 2020
- Closed Initial Funding Mid-2021 from Blue-Chip Space Investor Data Collective Venture Capital (DCVC)
- Facilities in Northern Virginia (Dulles) and Silicon Valley (Mountain View)
- 10 Member Team Led by Proven Executives and Entrepreneurs
- Segment Focus  $\rightarrow$  80% Commercial, 20% Defense
- ullet Technology Focus o Satellite Payloads, Signals, and Receivers













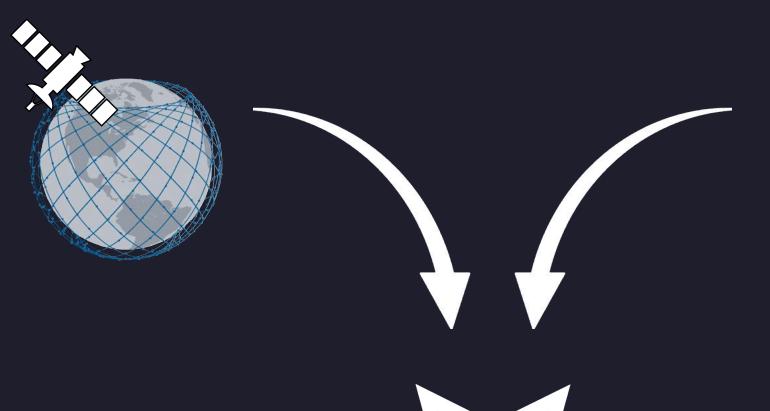


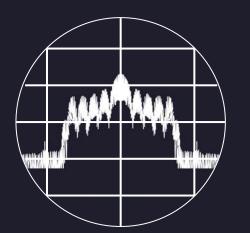


Today's GPS Suffers in Four Ways - All Four Issues Must Be Addressed for Key 21st Century Applications

# THE SOLUTION

Commercial
Low Earth Orbit
Satellite
Constellation





Proprietary
Signal Processing
(Patents Pending)



TRUSTPO NT

**Low Cost** 



**High Performance** 



**Security & Integrity** 





# What is the Goal?



## What is the Goal?

What are we trying to achieve that we haven't with heritage technologies, systems and services?

# The Goal (1 of 2)

#### High Performance

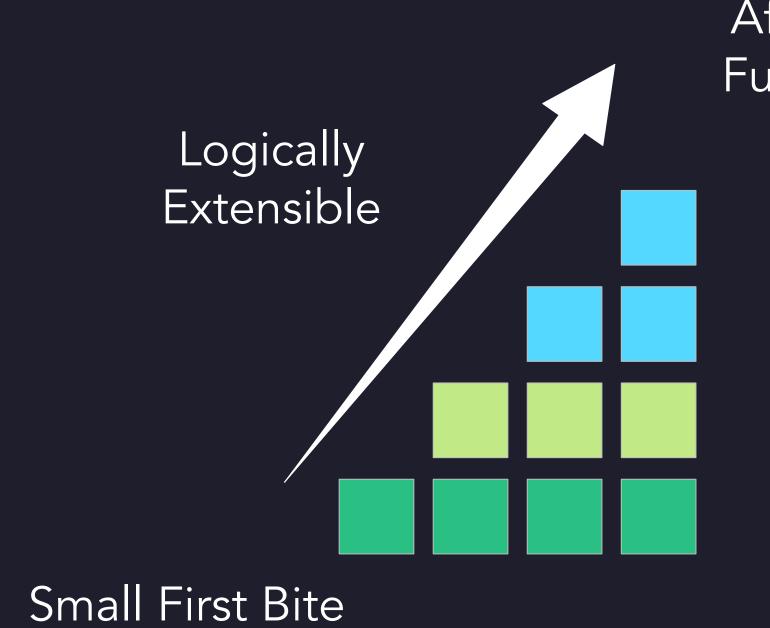
Accurate

Available

Secure O Tourner

Rapid TTFF

#### Scalable



Affordable Full System

# The Goal (2 of 2)

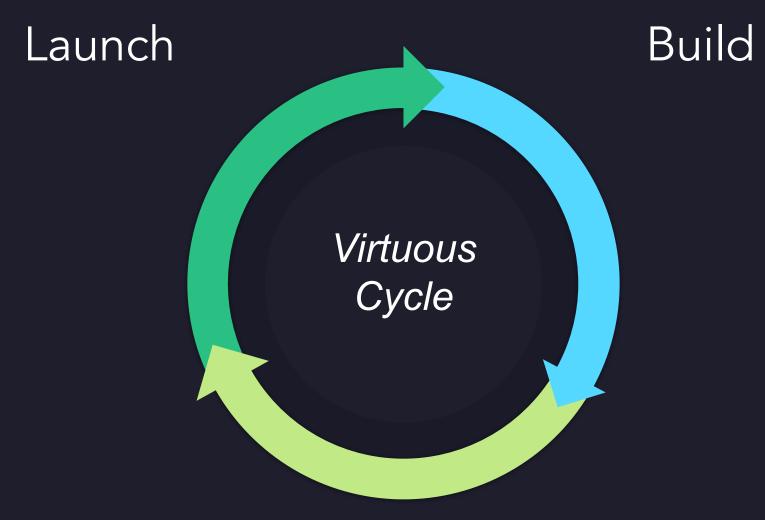
#### Resilience

Graceful Degradation



Flexibility Responsiveness

#### Future Proofing



Test





# How Do We Get There?

# A Potent Trifecta



Small Satellites

Small Orbits

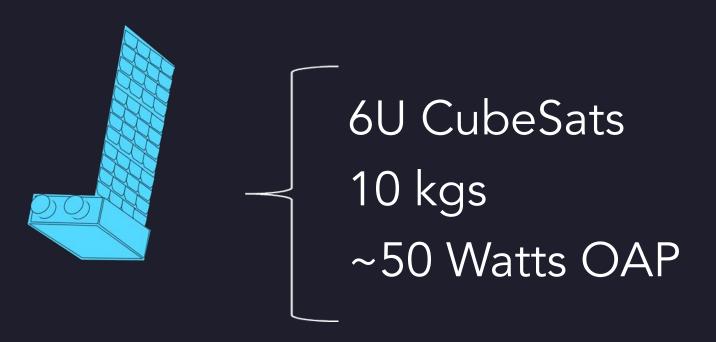


Small Waves













Scalable



Resilient

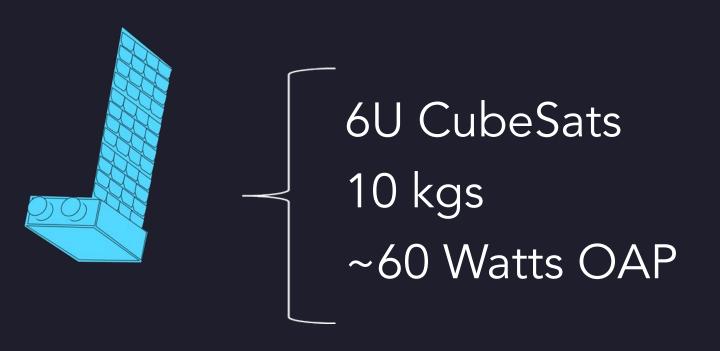


Future Proof









Low Cost





Scalable



Resilient



Future Proof



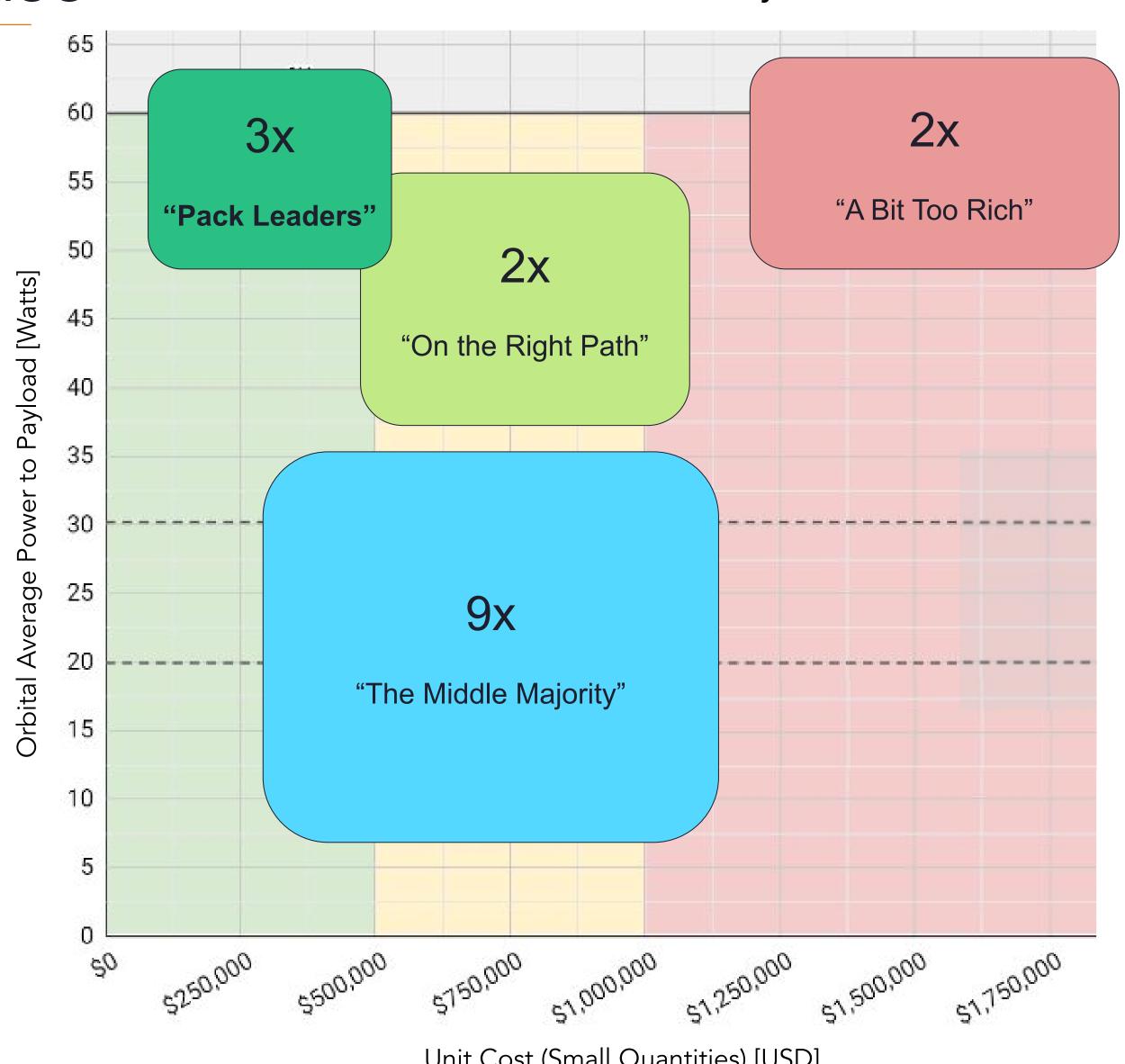


# A Healthy CubeSat Supplier Base

Platform Cost vs Available Payload Power

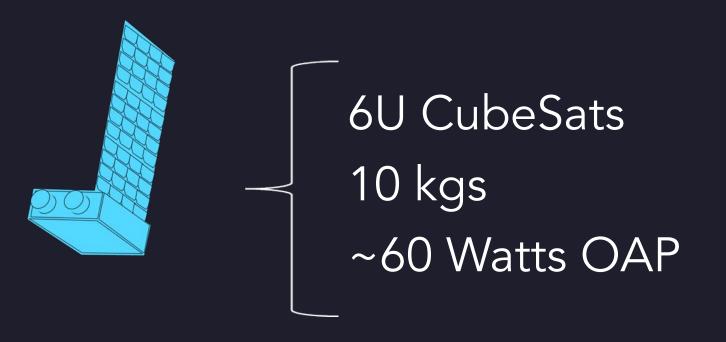
- 16 Platforms Reviewed (3U, 6U, 12U)
- Mix of TRL-6 to TRL-9
- Strong Advancement of CubeSat Platform Technology in Last 3 Years
  - > 2-3x Increase in OAP to Payload
  - > 30-50% Reduction in Cost
- 2-3 More Platforms Expected to Achieve "Pack Leader" Status in 2024
- Additional 20-30% Cost Reduction for Large Quantities

Multiple High Performance \$200K Platforms are Now Available

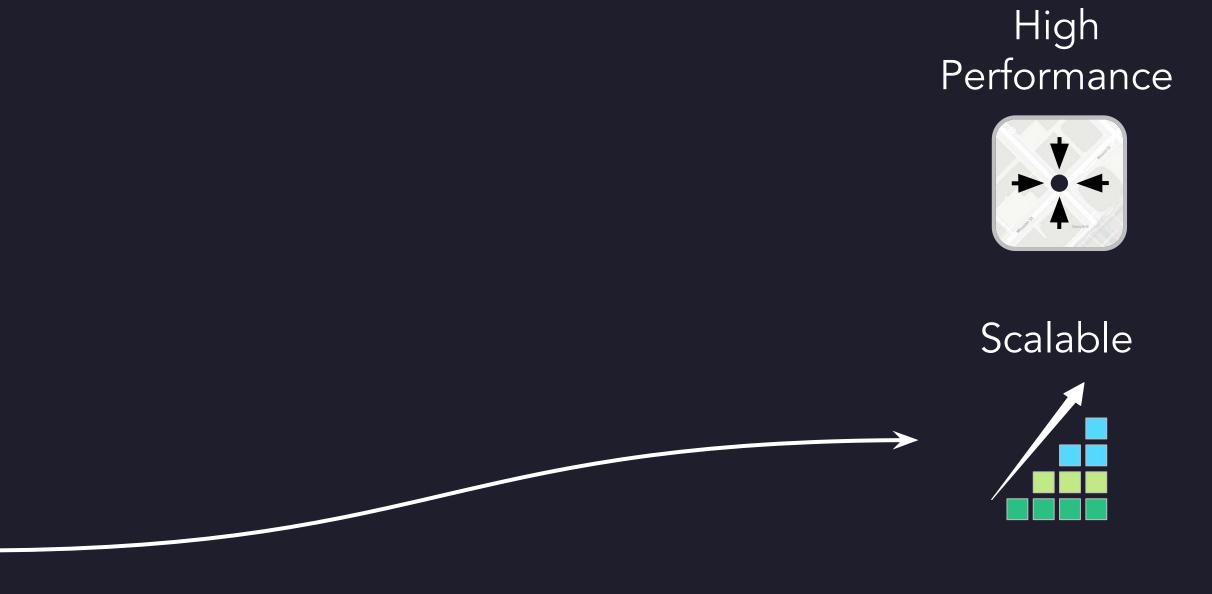


# Small Satellites





Low Cost



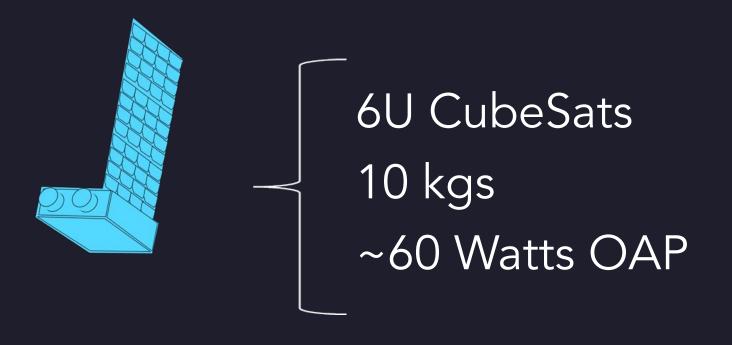
Resilient



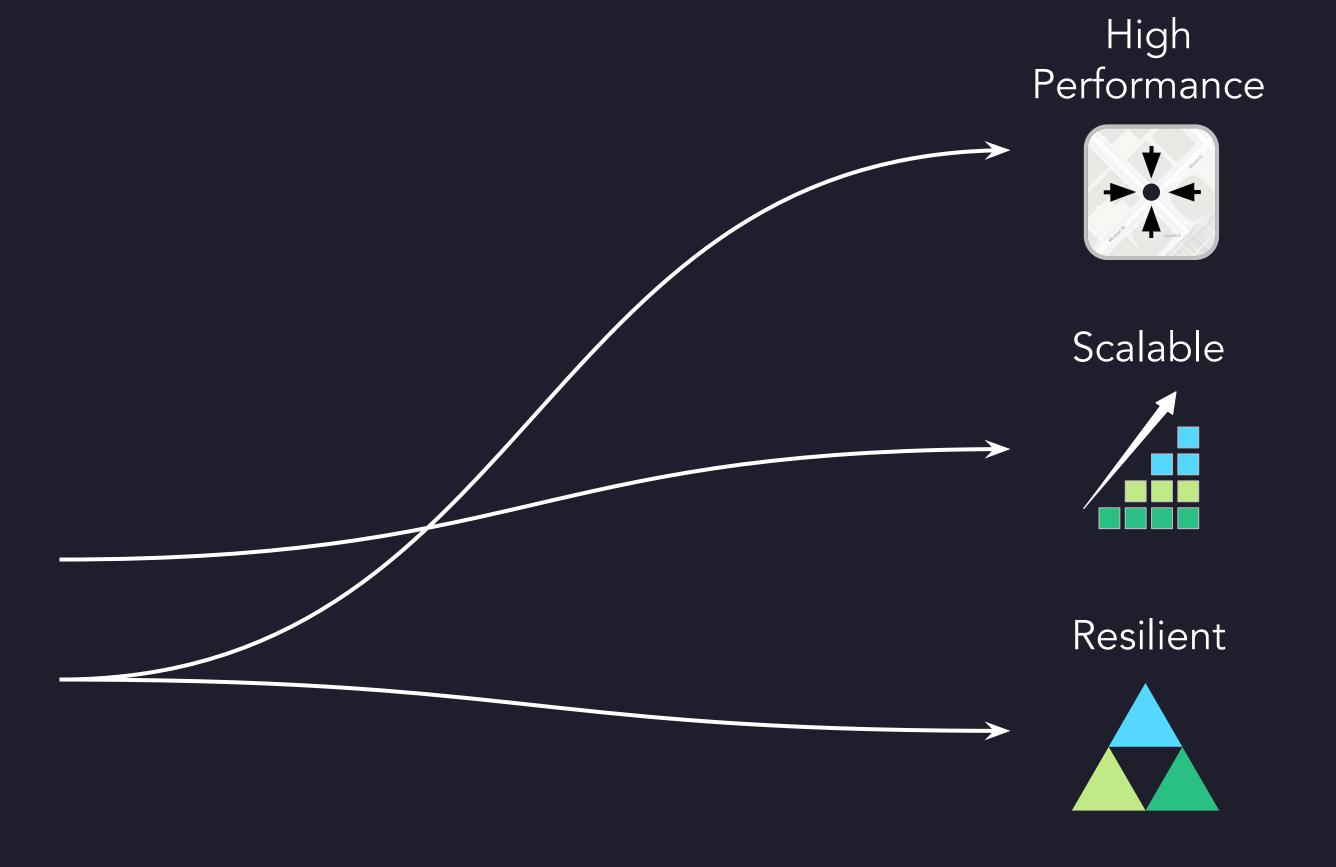








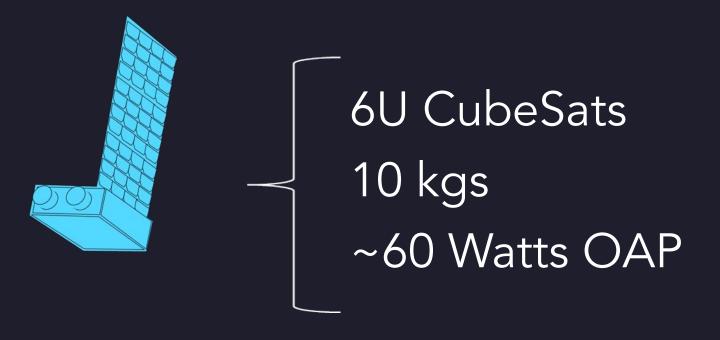
- Low Cost
- Many Nodes



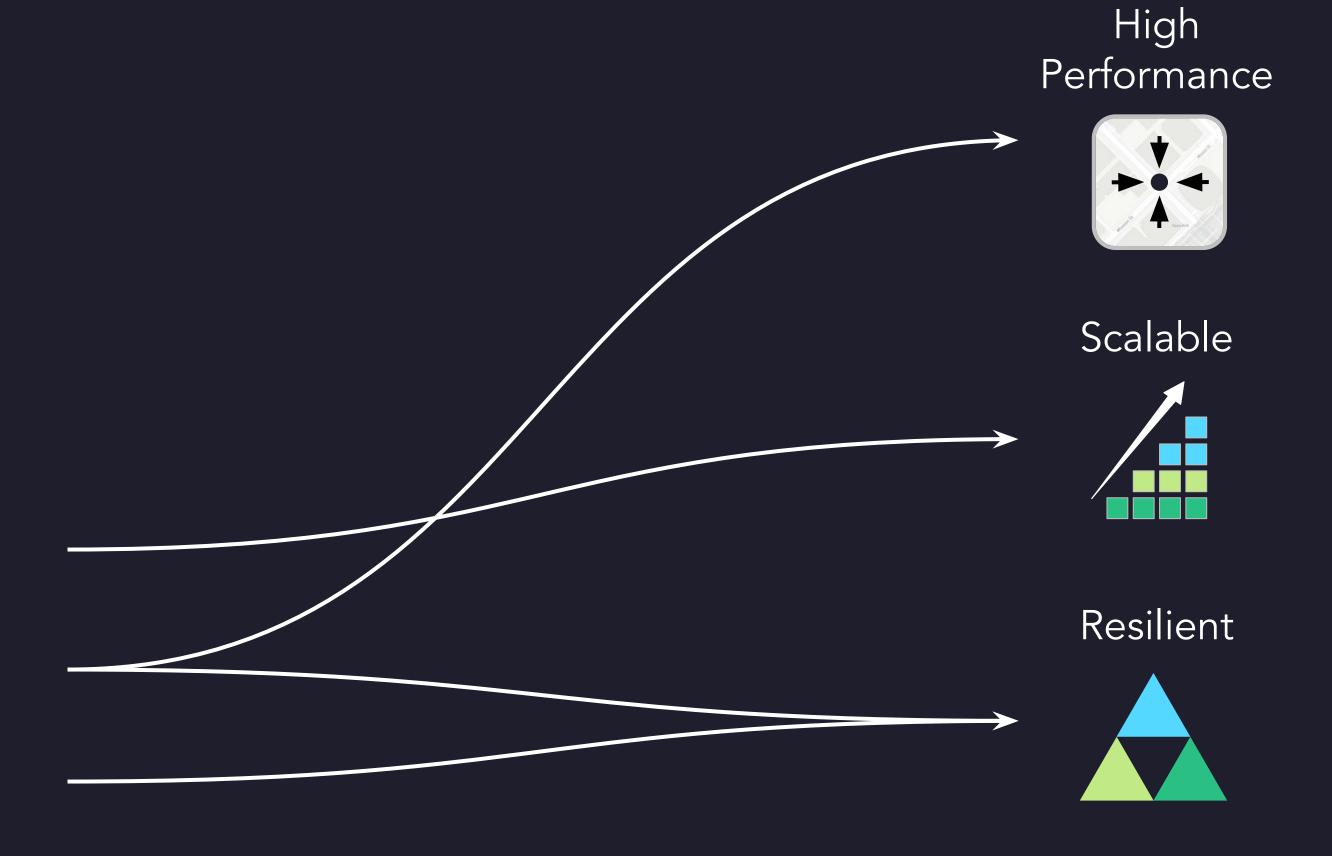


## Small Satellites





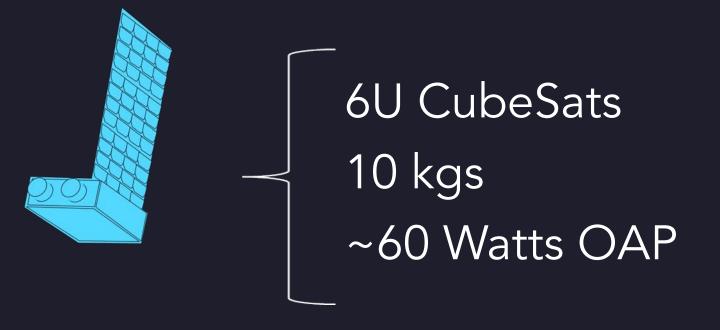
- Low Cost
- Many Nodes
- Plentiful Supplier Base



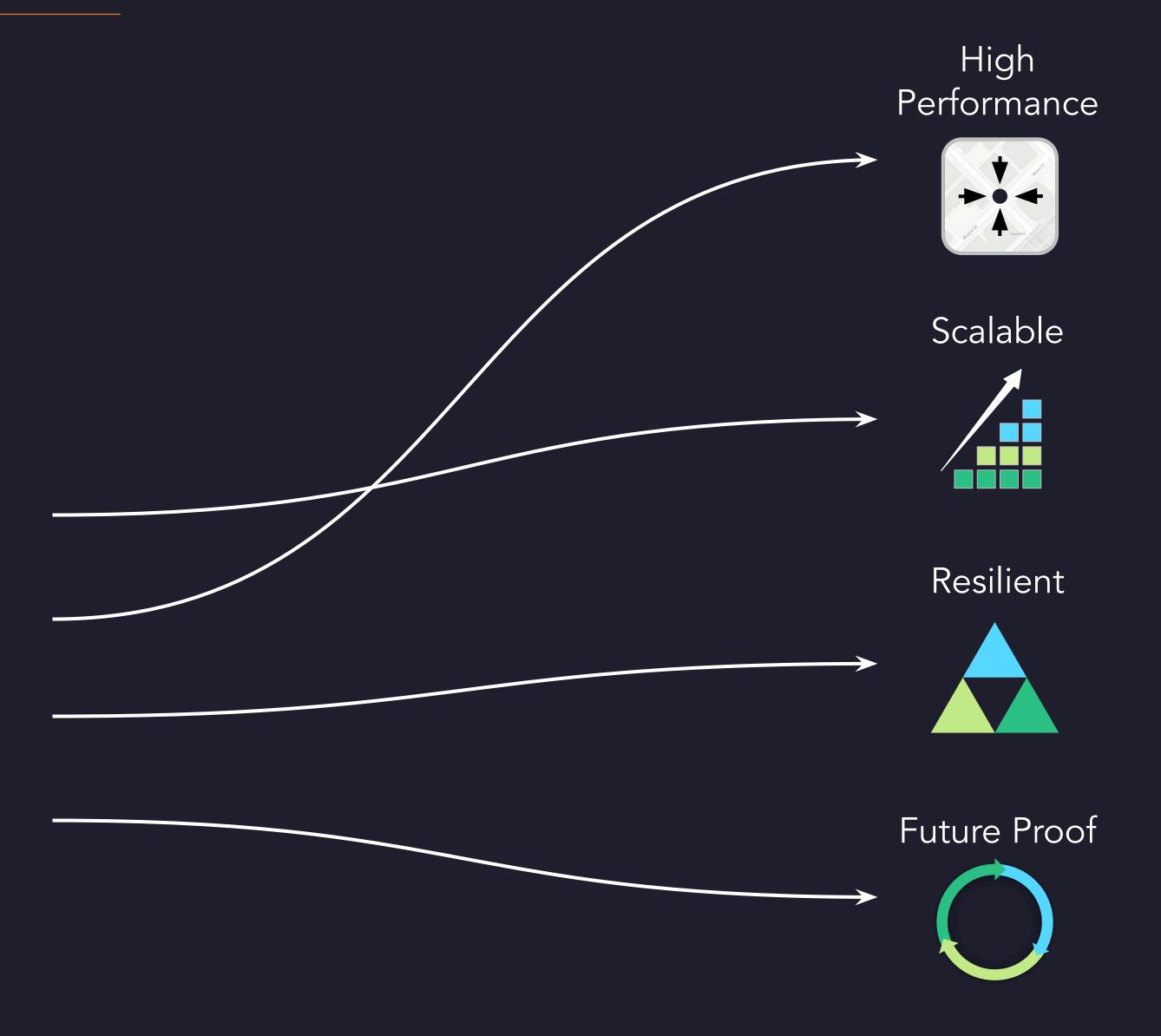


## Small Satellites





- Low Cost\*
- Many Nodes
- Plentiful Supplier Base
- Short Build Time

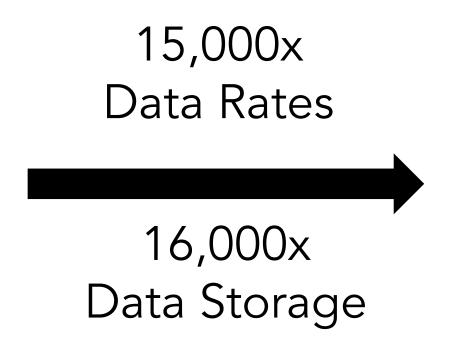




# Short Build Schedules - Iterative Design and Deployment



2G Nokia Phone (2002) ~64 kbps, 32 MB

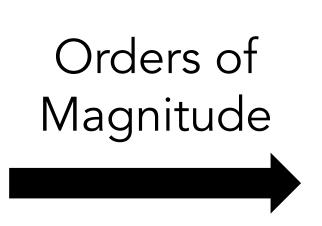




5G iPhone 13 (2021) 1 Gbps, 512 GB



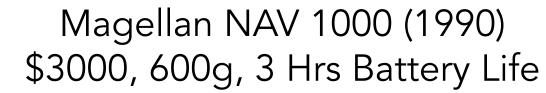
Early GPS Receivers (1978)





Magnitude !!!

Many Orders of





Broadcom BCM4778 (2021) ~\$10, <1g, 2.5x2.5mm, <10mW

Apply Iterative Design to All Levels of Tech Stack With Commercial LEO Approach





500 to 800 km

Easily Accessible

Below Material Radiation

High Performance



Scalable



Resilient



Future Proof







500 to 800 km

Easily Accessible

Below Material Radiation

Low Cost Deployment





Scalable



Resilient









- Low Cost Deployment
- Low Cost Satellites





Scalable



Resilient



Future Proof







- Low Cost Deployment
- Low Cost Satellites
- Low Cost Deorbit





Scalable



Resilient



Future Proof





#### Moving from 700 km to 1000 km Requires:

- Greater Radiation Tolerance (1.7 → 5 krad/year)
  - $\circ$  More Shielding and More Launch Mass  $\to$  5% Increase
  - More Expensive Electronics → 25% Increase
- Larger Power System (~50% More Power to Illuminate to Same Elv Mask)
  - More Launch Mass → 5% Increase
  - More Expensive Power System → 10% Increase
- Greater DeltaV for Deorbit (80 → 160 m/s)
  - More Launch Mass → 10% Mass Increase
  - More Expensive Propulsion System → \$100K Increase
- Greater Reserved Ops Life for Deorbit (1  $\rightarrow$  6 Months)
  - $\circ$  More Expensive Satellite Years  $\rightarrow$  10% Reduction In Ops Life = 11% Cost Increase
- Higher Launch Costs
  - Launch Cost → 25% Increase

50% Launch Cost Increase (\$100K → \$150K)

96% Per Satellite Cost (\$200K → \$400K)



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  - Launch Cost → 25% Increase

83% Per Deployed Satellite Cost Increase (\$300K → \$550K)



#### Moving from 700 km to 1000 km Allows:

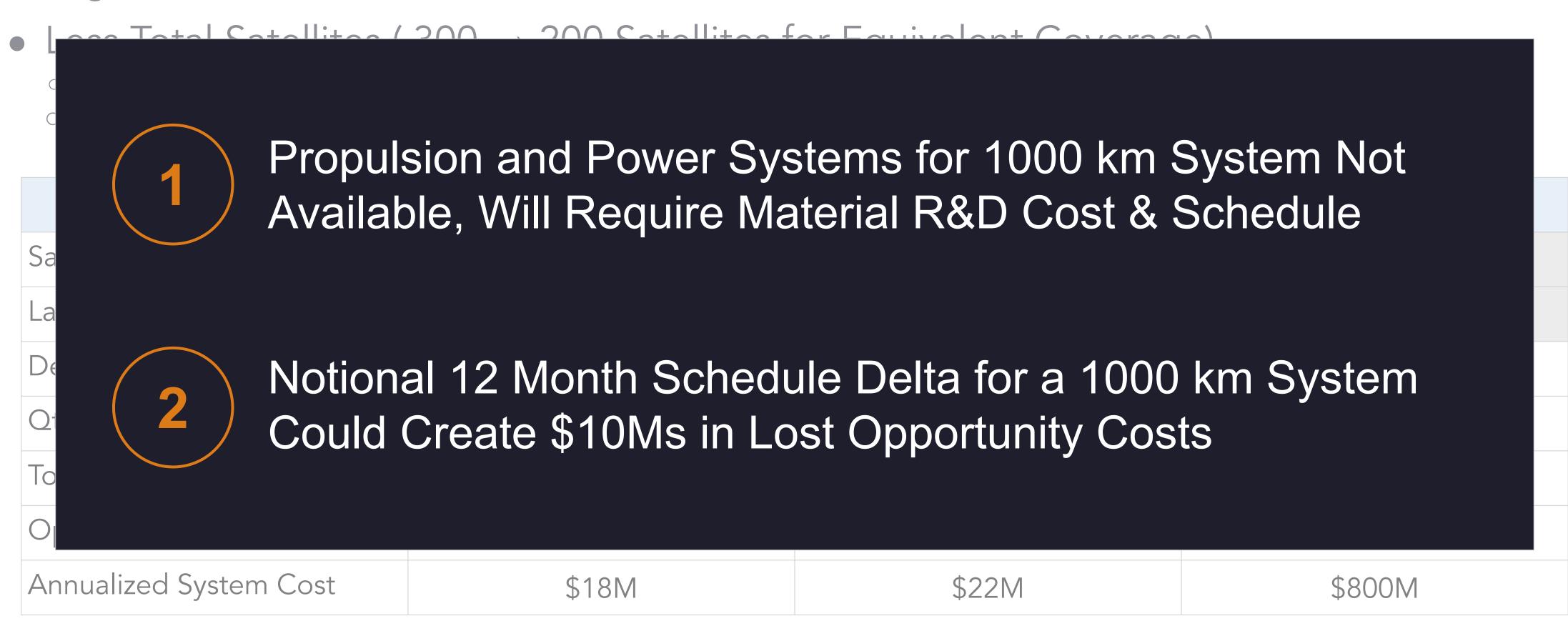
- ullet Less Total Satellites ( 300 o 200 Satellites for Equivalent Coverage)
  - 33% Less Satellites
  - 33% Less Launches

	700 km System	1000 km System	GPS
Satellite Cost	\$200K	\$400K	_
Launch Cost	\$100K	\$150K	_
Deployed Satellite Cost	\$300K	\$550K	\$500M
Qty in Constellation	300	200	24
Total System Cost	\$90M	\$110M	\$12B
Operational Life	~5 Years	~5 Years	15 Years
Annualized System Cost	\$18M	\$22M	\$800M

#### Final Result → 20% Increase in System Cost



Moving from 700 km to 1000 km Allows:

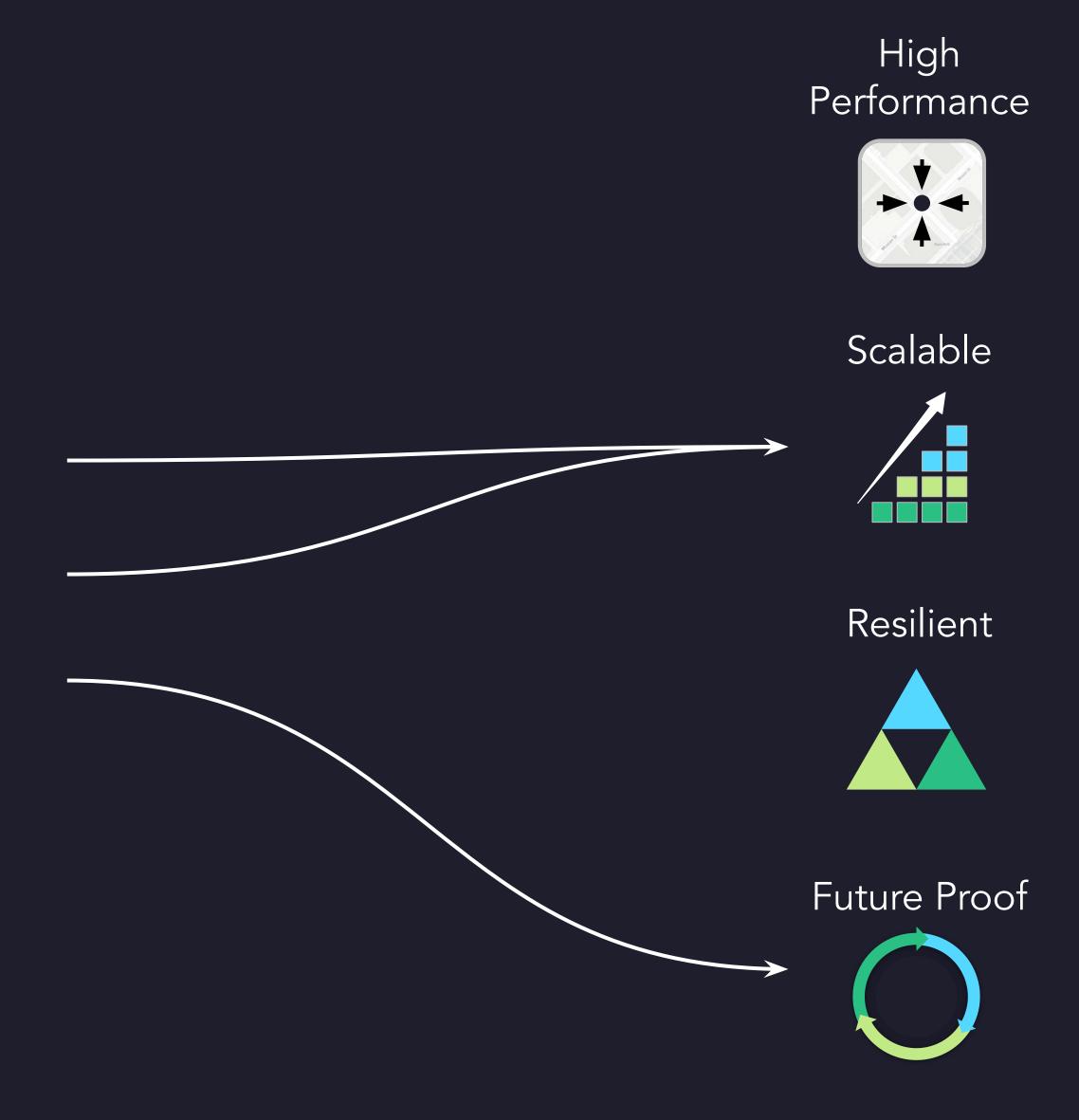


Final Result → 20% Increase in System Cost





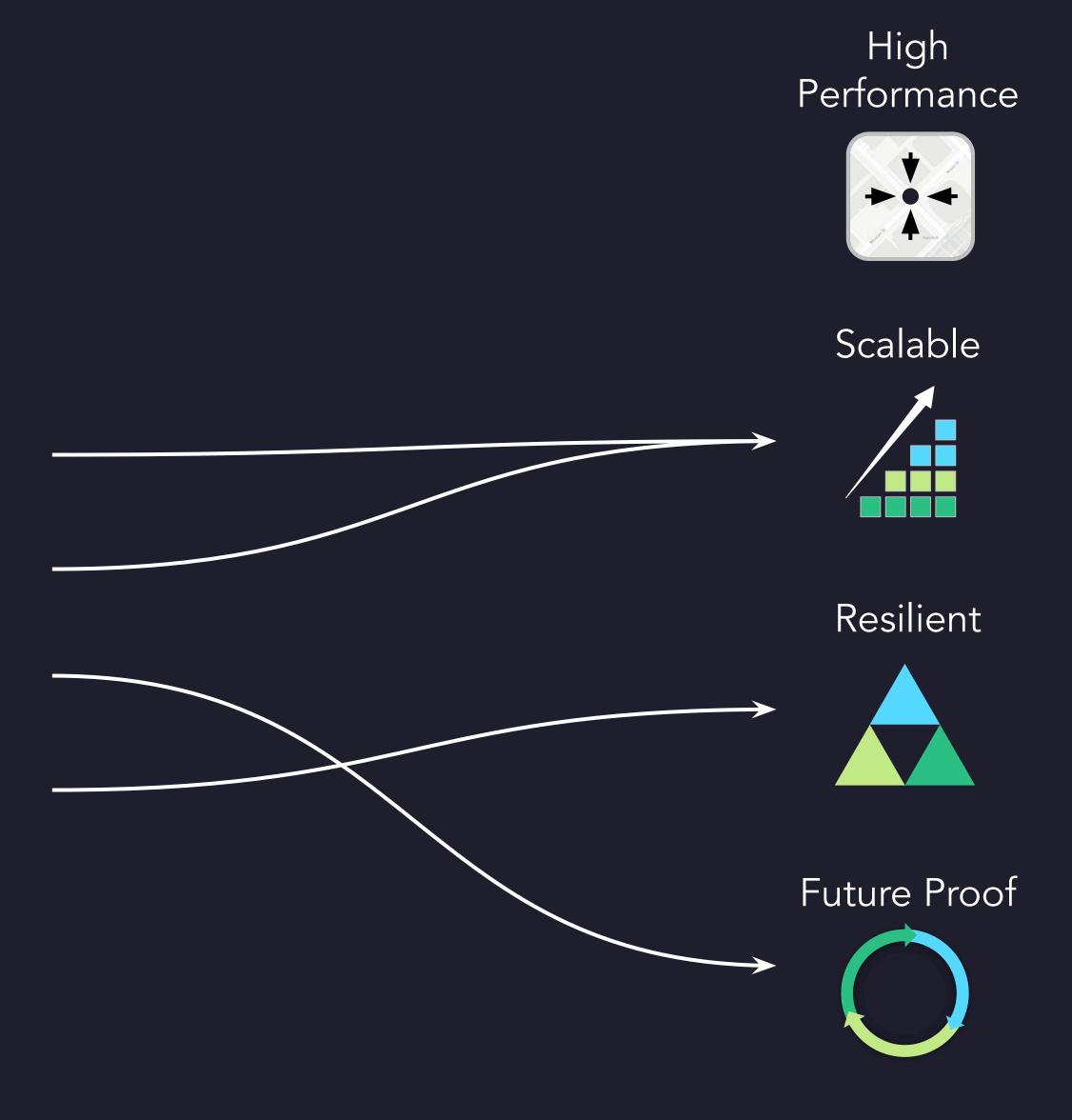
- Low Cost Deployment
- Low Cost Satellites
- Low Cost Deorbit







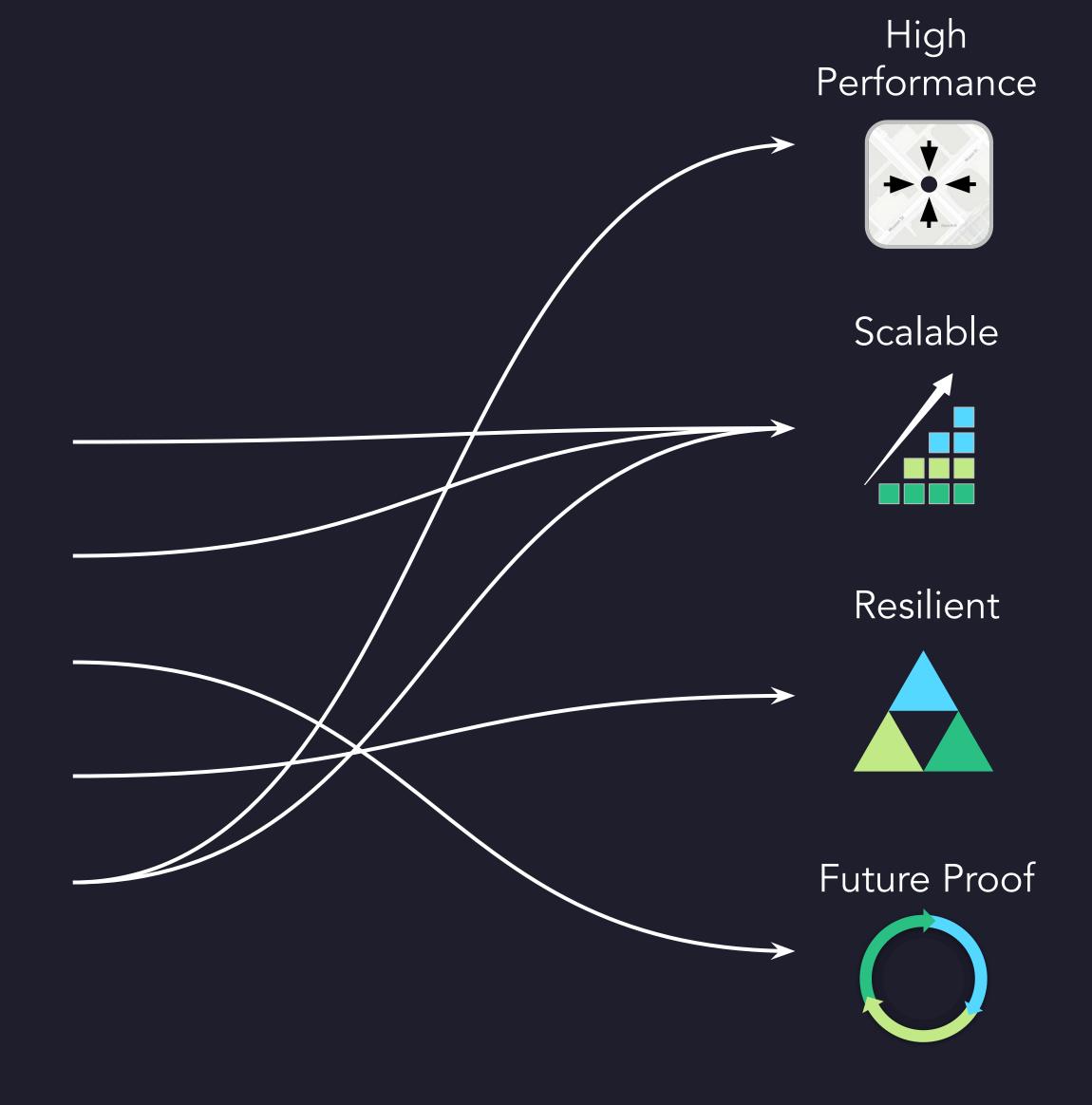
- Low Cost Deployment
- Low Cost Satellites
- Low Cost Deorbit
- Diverse Launch Options





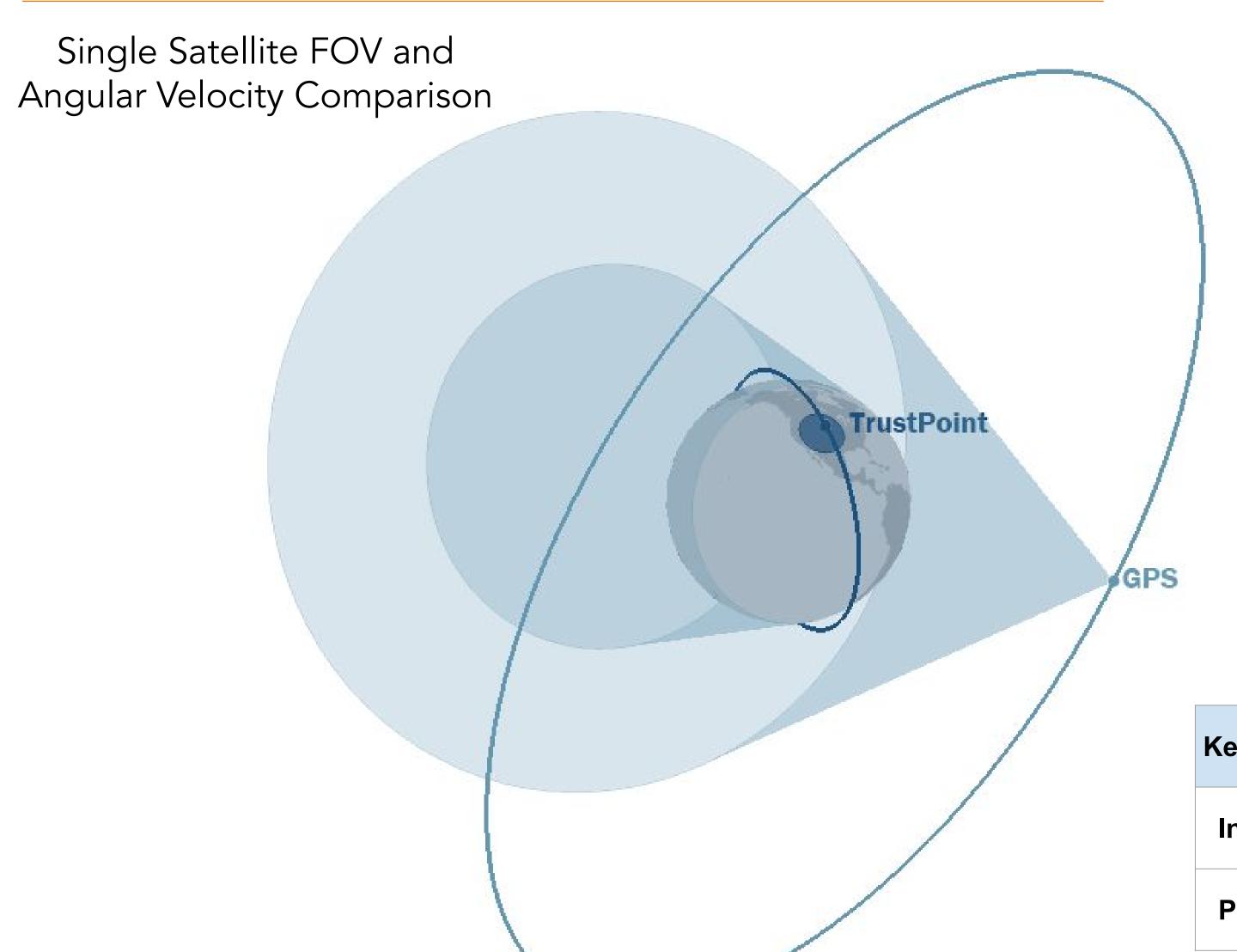


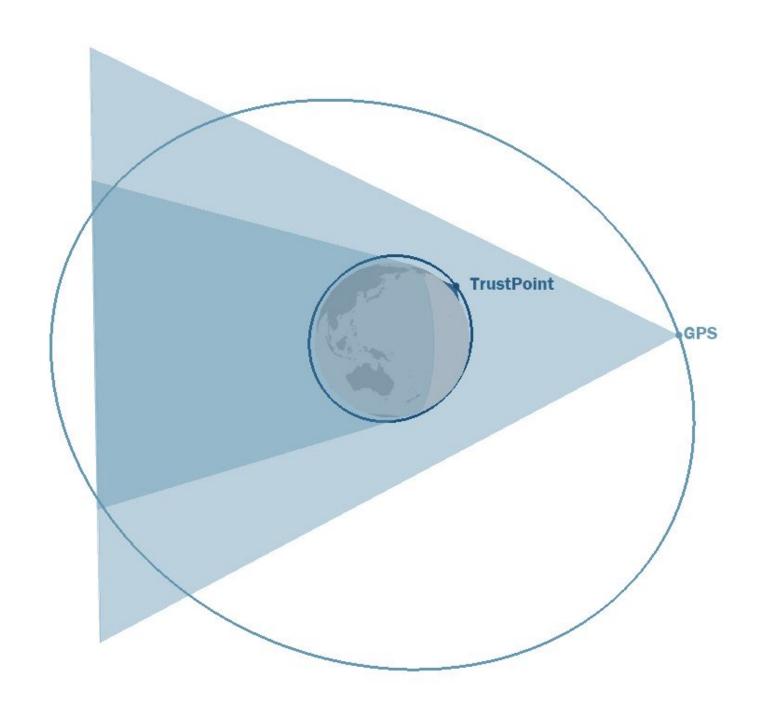
- Low Cost Deployment
- Low Cost Satellites
- Low Cost Deorbit
- Diverse Launch Options
- Favorable Geometry





# Favorable Geometry - Angular Velocity and Field of View





Key Geometric Factors	GPS @ MEO	LEO
Instantaneous Field of View	~200M km <sup>2</sup>	<10M km <sup>2</sup>
Pass Time	3 to 4 Hrs	6 to 12 Mins

Above 2 GHz
Below 10 GHz

### aka....Higher Frequencies!







Scalable



Resilient



Future Proof



### aka....Higher Frequencies!





Compact User Antennas





Scalable



Resilient



Future Proof





# Opportunity for Compact High Performance Antennas

- Controlled Reception Pattern Antennas (CRPAs) Can Offer Up to Another 40+ dB Improvement to J/S
- CRPA Antennas (7 Element and 4 Element) are Relatively Large and Heavy, Making them Inadequate for Smaller Form Factor Devices (IoT, Mobile Phones, Wearables, Drones etc)
- Antenna Size and Mass are Proportional to Wavelength
- A Move From 1575 MHz ( $\lambda$  = 19cm) to 5.02 GHz ( $\lambda$  = 6cm) Provides an Opportunity to Reduce Size by 70% and Mass by 90%

		Diameter [in]	Radius [in]	Area [sq in]	Mass [oz]	Mass/Area [oz/sq in]
I Band	7 Element	6.3	3.15	31.17	20.8	0.67
L-Band	4 Element	3.5	1.75	9.62	8.4	0.87
C Donal	7 Element	1.98	0.99	3.07	2.05	0.67
C-Band	4 Element	1.10	0.55	0.95	0.83	0.87
		Size Ratio	31%	Mass Ratio	10%	

#### 7NF-6.29CG1215P-XS-X ANTENNA FAMILY

7-Element CRPA with Cable Outputs



#### **MECHANICAL**

Dimensions	Diameter: 6.30" Height: 0.75"
Weight	20.8 oz (Typical)

#### 4NC-3.5CG1215P-XX-X-7.5EM ANTENNA FAMILY GPS L1/L2 CRPA with FRPA mounting holes



#### MECHANICAL

Dimensions	Diameter: 3.5" Height: .70"
Weight	8.4 oz



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# Opportunity for Compact High Performance Antennas

• Controlled Reception Pattern Antennas (CRPAs) Can Offer Up to ~50

7-Element CRPA with Cable Outputs

CRPAHeavMobi

dB of

- 1 ) A C
- Antenna Size and Weight are as Important (if not more) to Commercial Sector as They are to National Security

- Anter
- A McOppo
- Mobile Phones, IoT Devices, and Wearables all Have Extreme SWaP Limitations. L-band Works, but it's Not Ideal

r: 6.30"	
).75"	
Typical)	

TENNA FAMILY

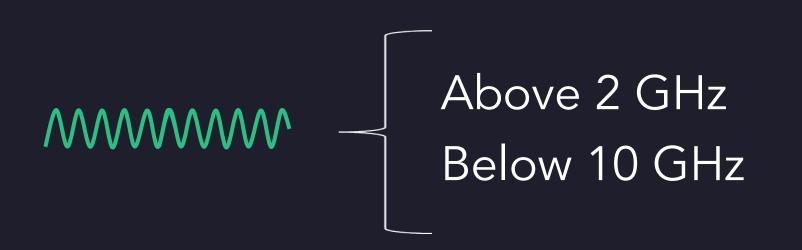
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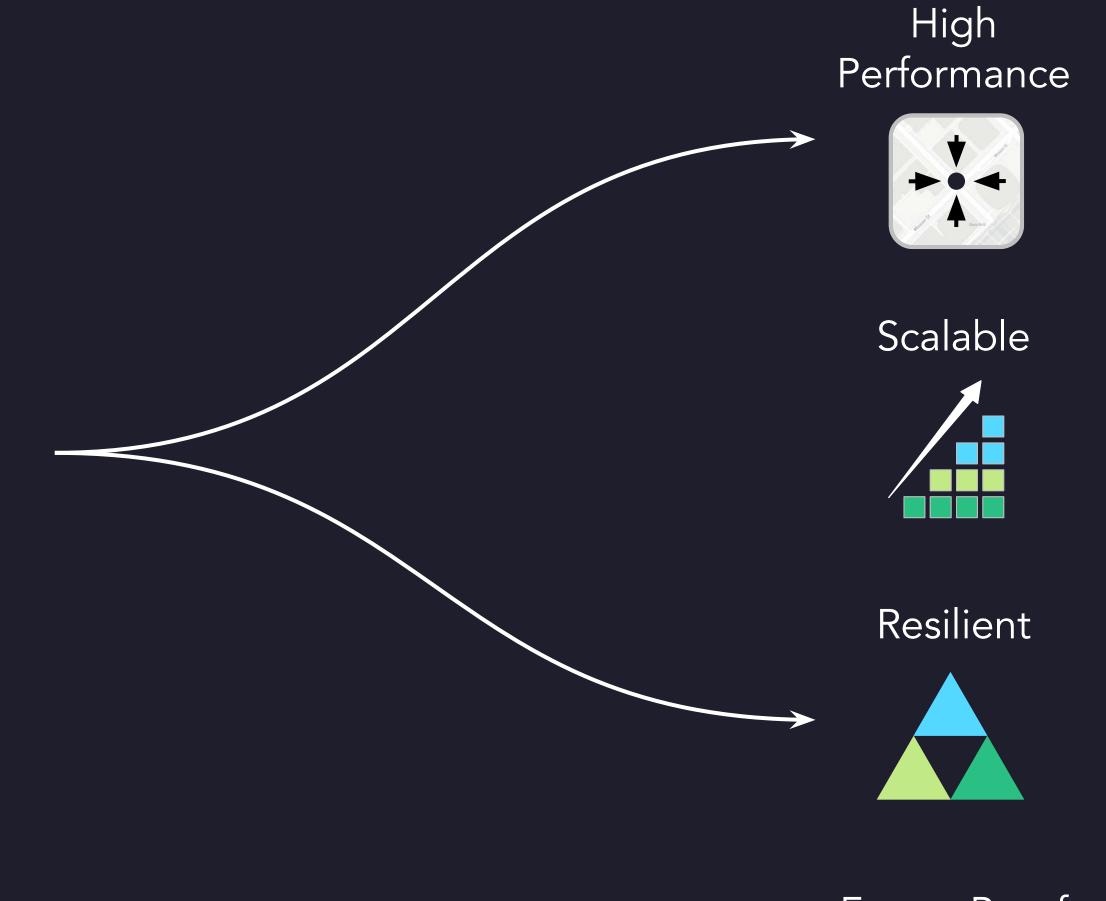
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## aka....Higher Frequencies!





Compact User Antennas



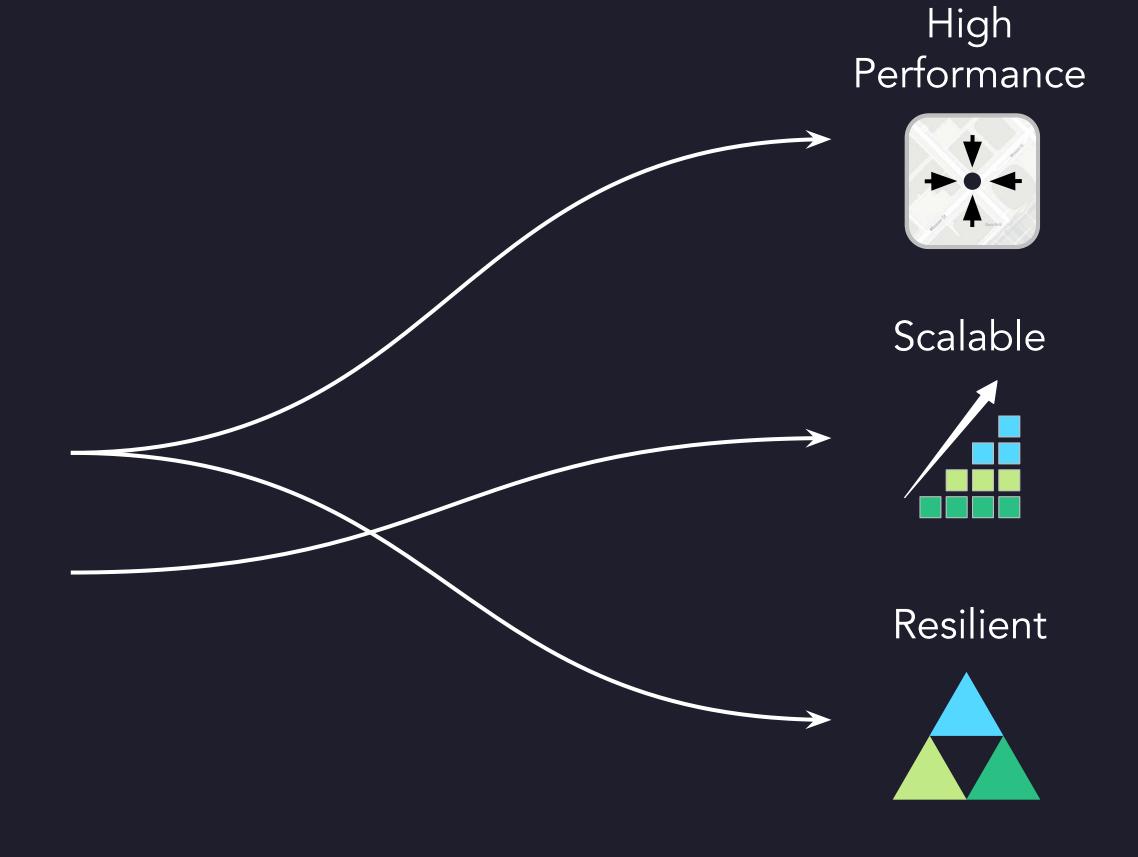


## aka....Higher Frequencies!





- Compact User Antennas
- Compact Satellite Antennas



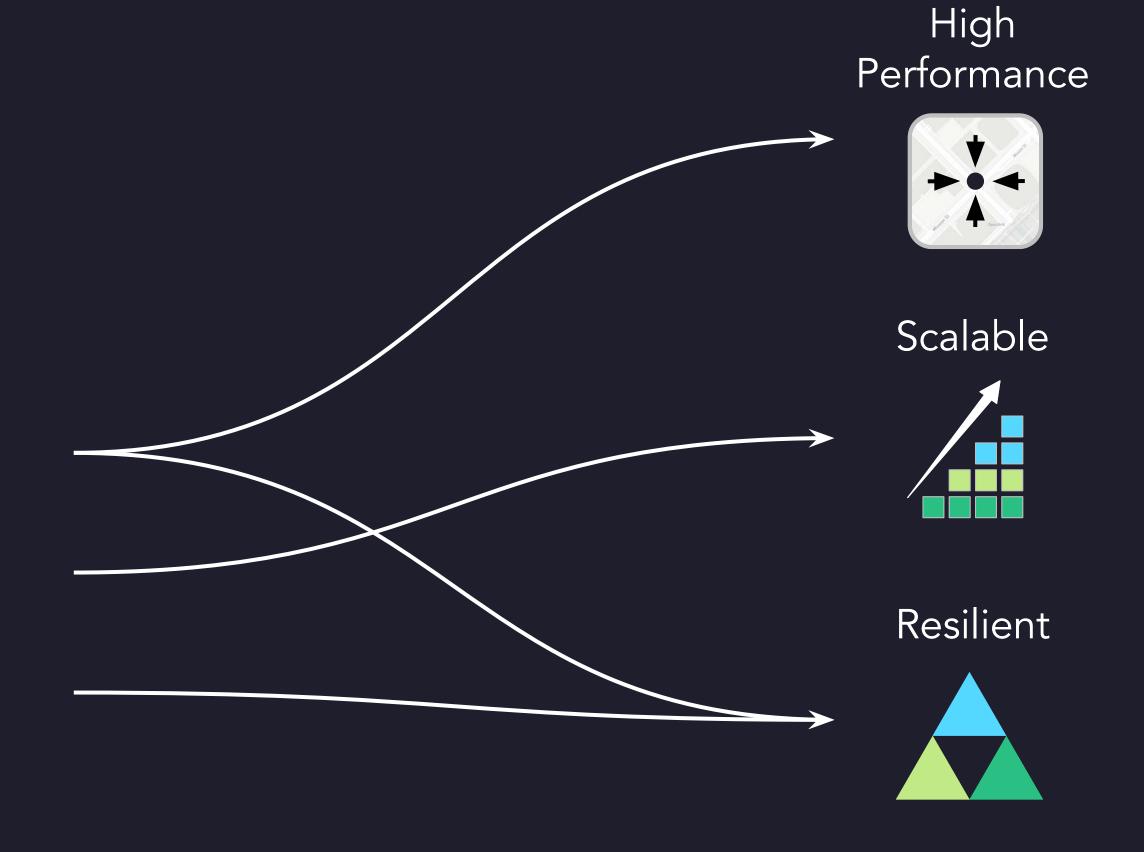


## aka....Higher Frequencies!





- Compact User Antennas
- Compact Satellite Antennas
- Absolute Frequency Agility



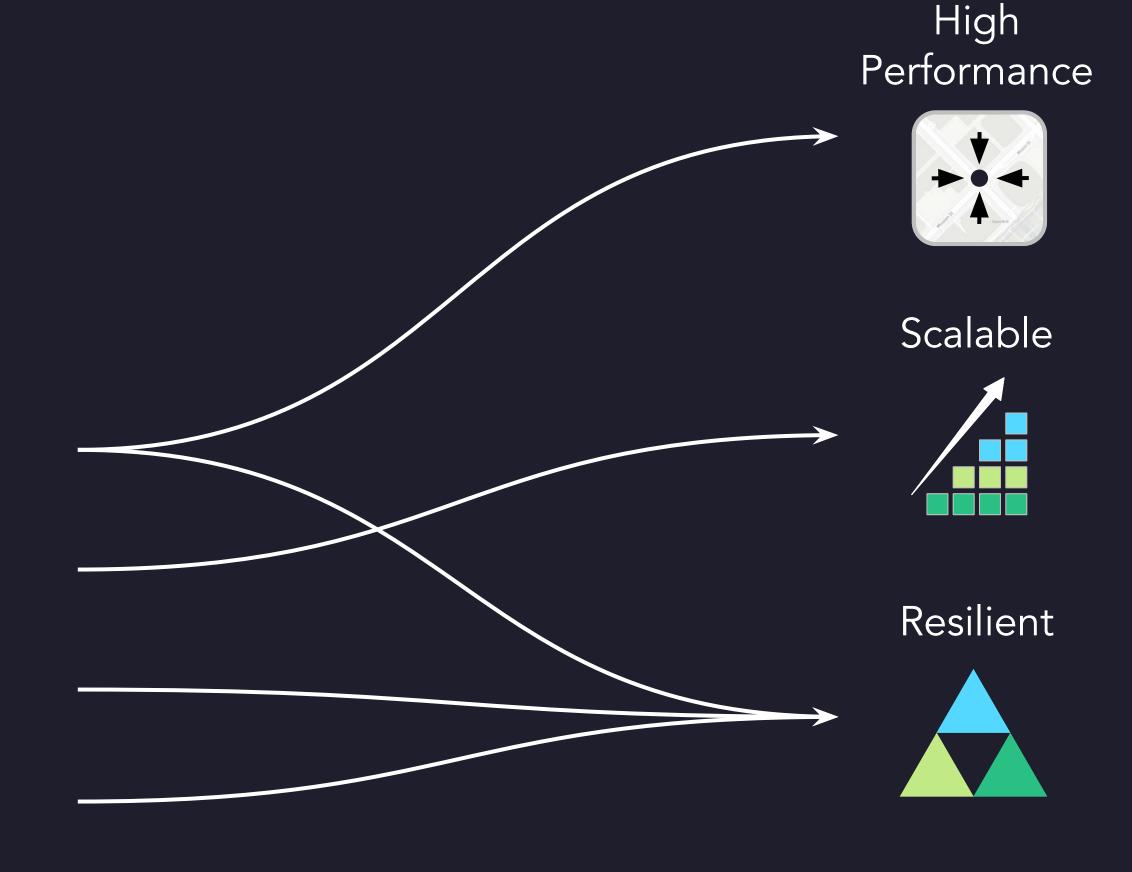


## aka....Higher Frequencies!





- Compact User Antennas
- Compact Satellite Antennas
- Absolute Frequency Agility
- Different from L-band

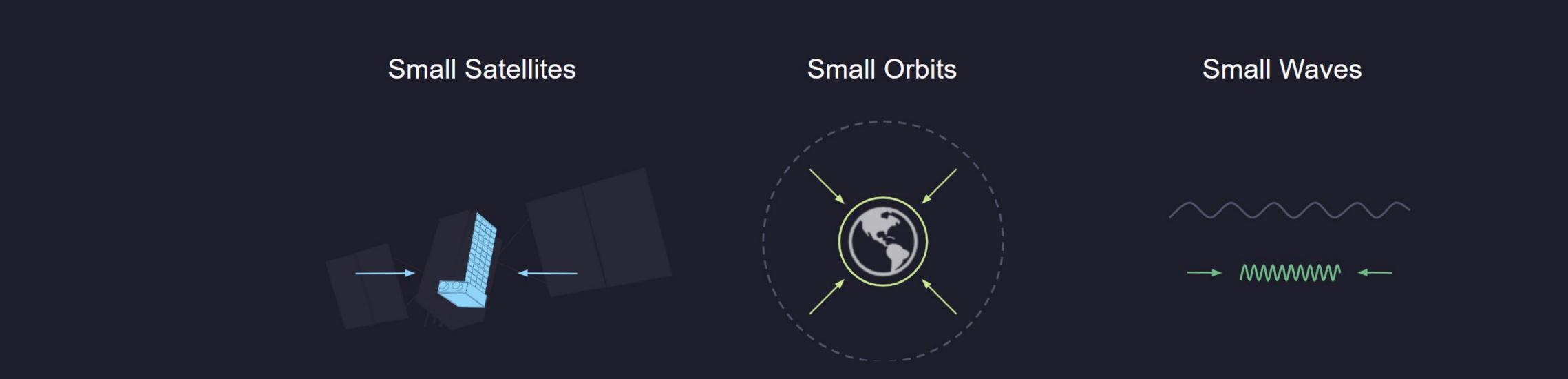






# Key Takeaways on Small Sats, Orbits and Waves

- 1. High Performance CubeSats Available at Prices Approaching \$200K/Sat
- 2. Material Difference Between Moderate LEO and Higher LEO Systems
- 3. Great Performance Opportunities for Small Antennas Above L-band







- 1. Grow USG Sponsored Field Test & Demo Days
- 2. Look Beyond L-band
- 3. Relax ITAR
- 4. \*\*\*\* Invest In and Buy Commercial \*\*\*\*





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### Thank You for Your Time!

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