

U.S. GPS/GNSS International Activities Update

Civil GPS Service Interface Committee Meeting

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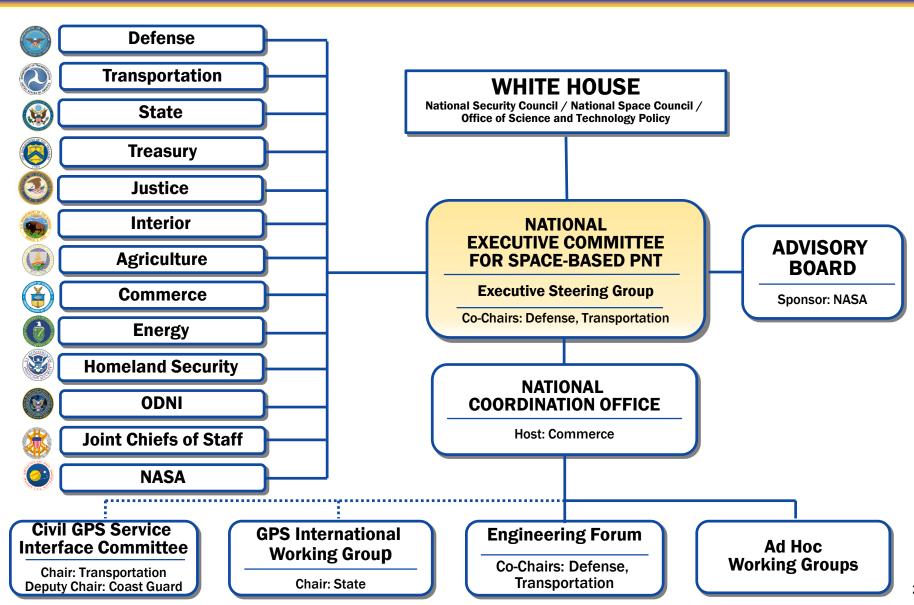
U.S. PNT Policy (2020 NSP & SPD-7)

Maintain U.S. leadership in the service provision, and responsible use of GNSS, including GPS and foreign systems

- Ensure **compatibility** ability of U.S. and non-U.S. space-based PNT services to be used separately or together without interfering with each individual service or signal
- Encourage **interoperability** ability of civil U.S. and non-U.S. space-based PNT services to be used together to provide the user better capabilities than would be achieved by relying solely on one service
- Promote transparency in civil service provision and enable market access for U.S. industry
- Promote and support the responsible use of GPS as the pre-eminent space-based PNT service
- Foreign space-based PNT services may be used to complement civil GPS service
 - Receiver manufacturers should continue to improve security, integrity, and resilience in the face of growing cyber threats
- Encourage foreign development of PNT services and systems based on GPS
- Support international activities to detect, mitigate, and increase resilience to harmful disruption or manipulation of GPS



National Space-Based PNT Organizations





Global Perspective

- Global Constellations
 - GPS (24+3)
 - GLONASS (24+)
 - GALILEO (24+3)
 - BDS/BEIDOU (27+3 IGSO + 5 GEO)



- Regional Constellations
 - QZSS (4+3)
 - IRNSS/NAVIC (7)
 - Korea KPS (7)
- Satellite-Based Augmentations
 - WAAS (3)
 - MSAS (2)
 - EGNOS (3)
 - GAGAN (3)
 - SDCM (3)
 - BDSBAS (3)
 - KASS Korea (2)
 - SPAN Australia/NZ (2)



Bilateral Cooperation

Europe

- GPS-Galileo Agreement (2004) guides cooperation
- U.S.-EU Space Dialogue met in June 2022 in Washington, DC
 - Included PNT "Experts" meeting
- Working Group on Next Generation GPS/Galileo Civil Services (WG-C)
 - Subgroups and Plenary met in May 2022, next meeting November 2022

Japan

- Comprehensive Space Dialogue Co-chaired by NSpC/NSC
 - Next meeting late 2022 hosted by U.S.
- Technical Working Group (TWG) established for working level collaboration/coordination
 - Last met in August 2022

China

Working Groups established – have not met since 2018



Bilateral Cooperation (continued)

India

- Planning for next U.S.-India Civil Space Joint Working Group (CSJWG)
 - Includes GNSS discussions
- Technical Working Group established for working level collaboration/coordination

Korea

- Joint Statement of Cooperation on KPS signed May 2021
- Ad-hoc technical discussions related to KPS
- Planning for Space Dialogue in late 2022

Canada

U.S.-Canada GNSS Bilateral Dialogue – last meeting in 2020



Multilateral Cooperation

International Committee on GNSS (ICG)

- Pursuing a Global Navigation Satellite System-of-Systems to provide civil GNSS services that benefit users worldwide
 - Promote the use of GNSS and its integration into infrastructures, particularly in developing countries
 - Encourage compatibility and interoperability among global and regional systems
- U.S. priorities include spectrum protection, system interoperability and information dissemination



ICG Meetings

Past ICG Meetings

- ICG-1: UN Vienna, Austria 2006
- ICG-2: Bangalore, India 2007
- ICG-3: Pasadena, CA, USA 2008
- ICG-4: St Petersburg, Russia 2009
- ICG-5: Turin, Italy 2010
- ICG-6: Tokyo, Japan 2011
- ICG-7: Beijing, China 2012
- ICG-8: Dubai, UAE 2013
- ICG-9: Prague, Czech Republic 2014
- ICG-10: Boulder, CO, USA 2015

- ICG-11: Sochi, Russia 2016
- ICG-12: Kyoto, Japan 2017
- ICG-13: Xi'an, China 2018
- ICG-14: Bangalore, India 2019
- ICG-15: Vienna, Austria 2021

Next Meeting

ICG-16: Abu Dhabi, UAE – October 2022



16th Meeting of the International Committee on GNSS (ICG)



- Hybrid format with both in-person and virtual participation
 - > Anticipating more than 300 people will participate
 - > All 6 GNSS Providers expected, as well as other members and observers
- Agenda includes:
 - ➤ Meeting of the Providers' Forum
 - > System Provider Updates
 - > Applications and Experts Session
 - ➤ Meeting of all four Working Groups





ICG Working Groups

2006 Terms of Reference and Work plan:4 Working Groups Established

- WG-S: Systems, Signals and Services
- WG-B: Enhancement of GNSS Performance, New Services and Capabilities
- WG-C: Information Dissemination and Capacity Building
- WG-D: Reference Frames, Timing and Applications



ICG Important Activities

GNSS Interference and Spectrum Protection

- Interference Detection and Mitigation (IDM) 10th Workshop planned for December 2022
 - U.S. leading organization
- Closely monitoring ITU/WRC proposals and regulations related to RNSS spectrum
- Spectrum Protection Educational outreach Focused on the importance of protecting GNSS spectrum

Interoperability and Service Standards

- Performance Standard Template
 - "Guidelines" document developed as a template for Providers
- International GNSS Monitoring and Assessment (IGMA)
 - Trial Project with IGS continues
- Interoperable Time Focus on System Time Offsets



Other Important ICG Activities

Space Service Volume

- UN booklet "The Interoperable GNSS SSV" 2nd edition published by the ICG
 - Prepared by GNSS Providers through WG-B Space Use Subgroup
 - On-going work to develop 3rd edition of booklet, to include expansion of multi-GNSS SSV coverage throughout Cislunar space
- Technical discussions and outreach efforts continue under U.S. leadership focused on benefits of an interoperable space service volume and development of space-based user equipment

Search and Rescue (SAR)

- Discussion on interoperability for GNSS-based SAR and development of capabilities for users throughout Cislunar space

Geodetic Reference Frames

Focus on improving interoperability through alignment of reference frames



Summary

- U.S. Policy continues to focus on maintaining leadership in the service provision
 - Compatibility, interoperability, and transparency remain priorities
 - Pursued through bilateral and multilateral dialogues
- Bilateral cooperation forms the basis for carrying out U.S. policy
- U.S. support for the ICG continues with a focus on civil GNSS services that benefit users worldwide
 - U.S. priorities include spectrum protection, system interoperability and information dissemination



THANK YOU!

Office of Space Affairs U.S. Department of State