



# USNO Report to the CGSIC Timing Subcommittee

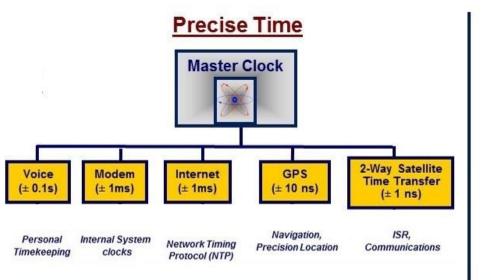
**Stephen Mitchell** 

**U.S. Naval Observatory (USNO)** 

September 21, 2020



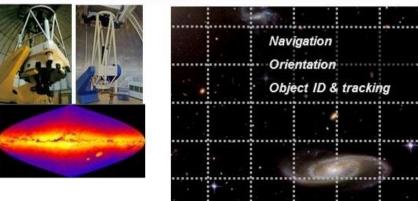
### **USNO Mission Areas**



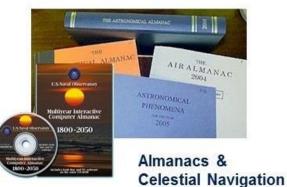
#### Earth Orientation Parameters

- \* Departures from "pure" rotation
- Synchs the earth and its orbiting space platforms
- GPS Error = 2 meters w/in 1 week & 400 meters at 6 months w/o EOP

#### Astrometry – star positions & motions



#### Astronomical Applications



### Solar/Lunar Illumination





# **Precise Timing Applications**



**Communications** 



**Power Grid** 



**Financial** 

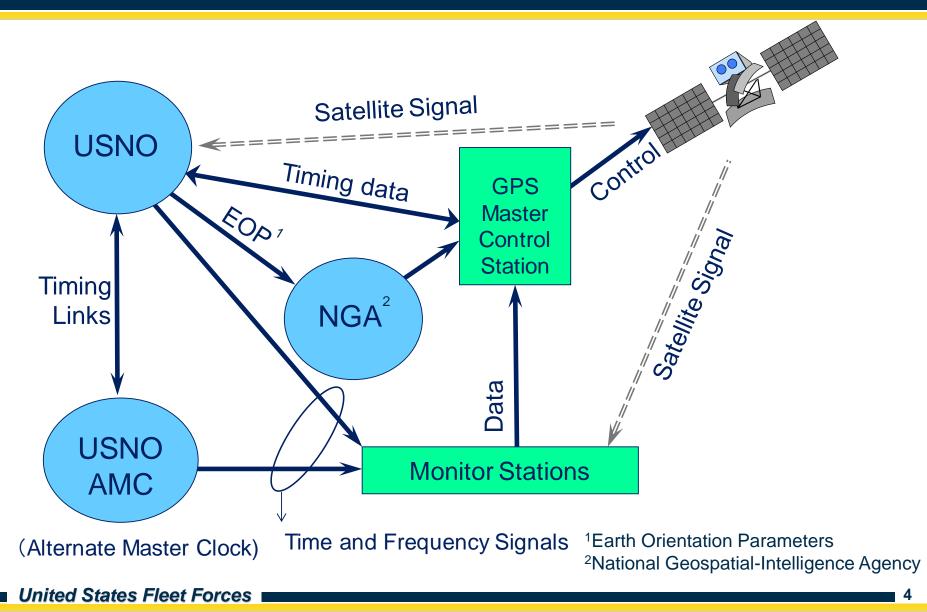


**Scientific** 

### Precise Timing is Critical to the Modern World's Infrastructure



### **GPS Operations and USNO**





# **GPS Time and USNO**

#### **GPS Time**

- Internal system timescale of GPS
- Continuous  $\rightarrow$  No leap seconds; fixed to UTC on January 6<sup>th</sup>, 1980
- 18 seconds off from UTC now
- An intelligent average of satellite and ground monitor station clocks

#### USNO utilizes a specialized set of calibrated GPS timing receivers to track GPS

• We compute the offset of GPS System Time to UTC(USNO) and deliver this to the United States Air Force (USAF)

#### USAF 2<sup>nd</sup> Space Operations Squadron (2SOPS) use these data to steer GPS Time to match UTC(USNO) modulo 1s

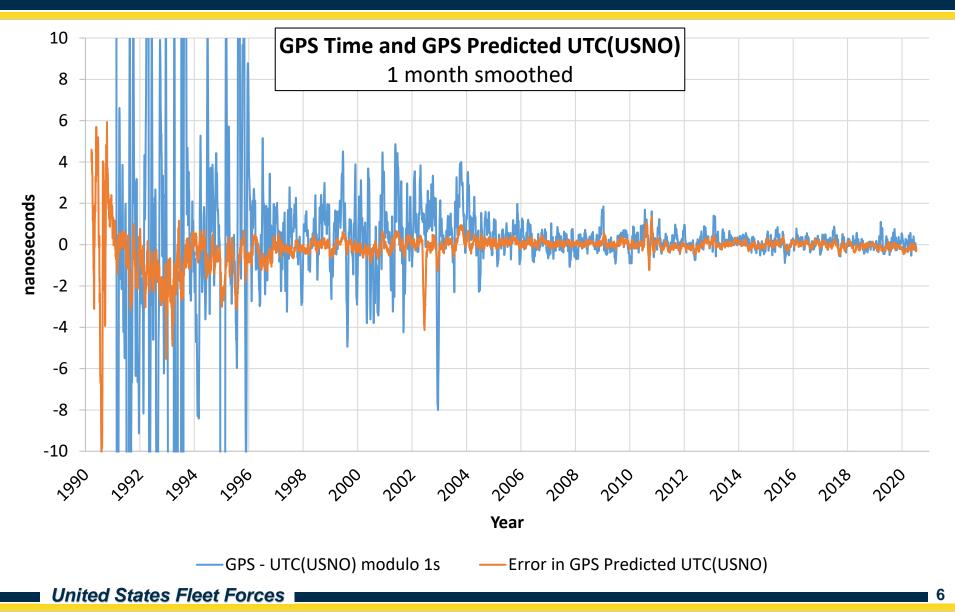
• There are no time or frequency steps in GPS Time, only steps in the frequency drift

# <u>GPS delivers timing and frequency offsets to convert from GPS Time to a prediction of UTC(USNO)</u>

• This information is contained in the GPS Legacy Navigation (LNAV) data in Subframe 4, Page 18 (SF4P18), and in the modernized Civil Navigation (CNAV) in Message Type 33

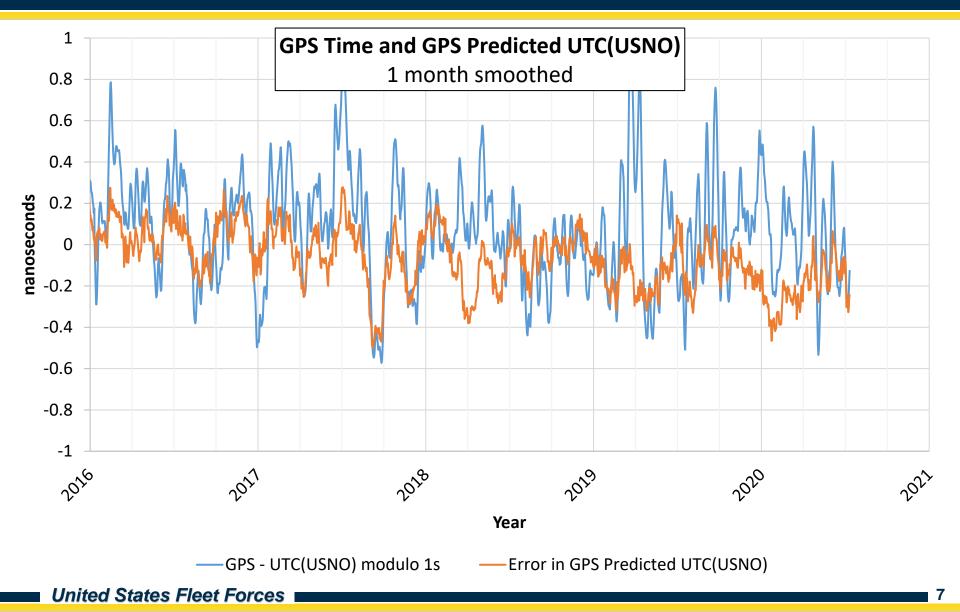


# **GPS Time Delivery, 30-day Averages**



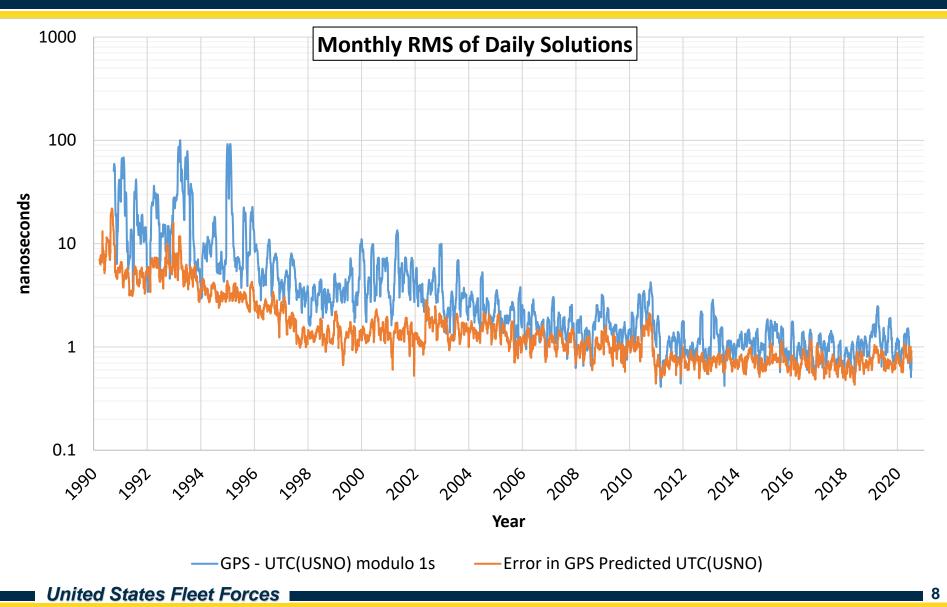


# **GPS Timing, More Recent History**





# **GPS Timing Instability**





## **GPS + other GNSS Added Benefit**

#### GNSS: Global Navigation Satellite System (such as GPS, GALILEO, etc.)

#### Increased reliability and availability of Position, Navigation, and Timing

• Especially in challenging environments such as urban canyons where users can only see 1-2 satellites from each system

#### Challenge: Ensure interoperability of all different GNSS

- Need to measure and report timing offset between systems
  - GPS-to-GNSS Time Offset (GGTO)
- Requires stable, repeatable GNSS receiver calibration for all GNSS signals

#### USNO will provide GGTOs for broadcast by GPS

- USNO is presently providing both GLONASS and Galileo time differences in support of special CNAV testing (not presently being broadcast)
- CNAV Message Type 35 contains the GPS-to-GNSS Offset (GGTO) for various systems
- Current schedule for broadcast is 2022 with the GPS Next Generation Operational Control System (OCX)



# **USNO Additional GPS III support**

#### USNO will act to coordinate GGTO determination methods with other Global Navigation Satellite Systems and provide GGTO information to GPS

• Ensure consistent messaging from GNSS providers on using provided GGTO values

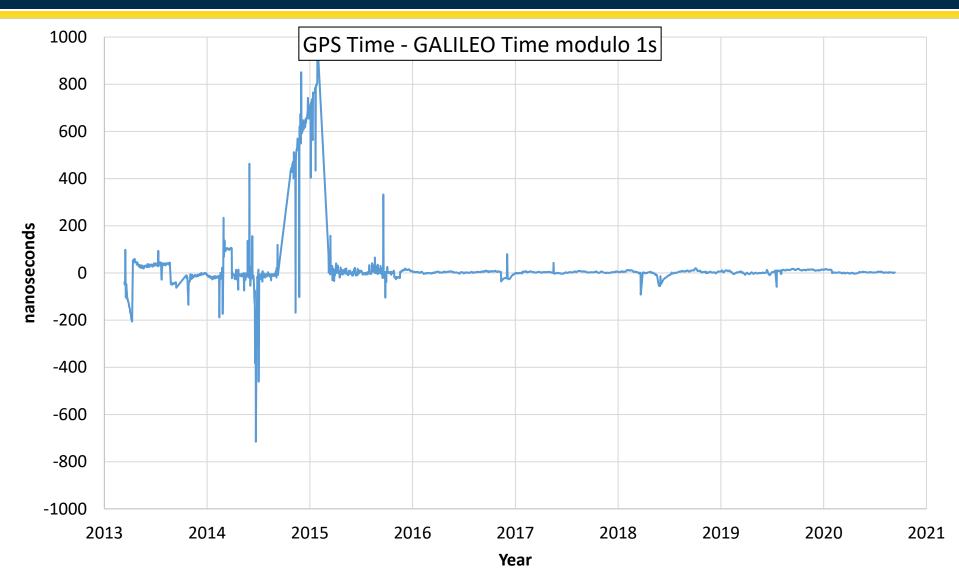
# Also supporting OCX, USNO will work with USAF for the determination of the GPS satellite and reference stations inter-signal and inter-frequency biases

- This is needed to ensure that average constellation biases are removed in a consistent way to ensure accuracy for timing user community
- Many different signal pairs to be available with differing biases per pair (e.g.: L1 C/A + L2C, L1C + L5Q, etc.)
- Absolute calibrations to be used by USNO

<u>GNSS simulator calibration procedures are being validated and tested to</u> <u>ensure consistency and accuracy</u>

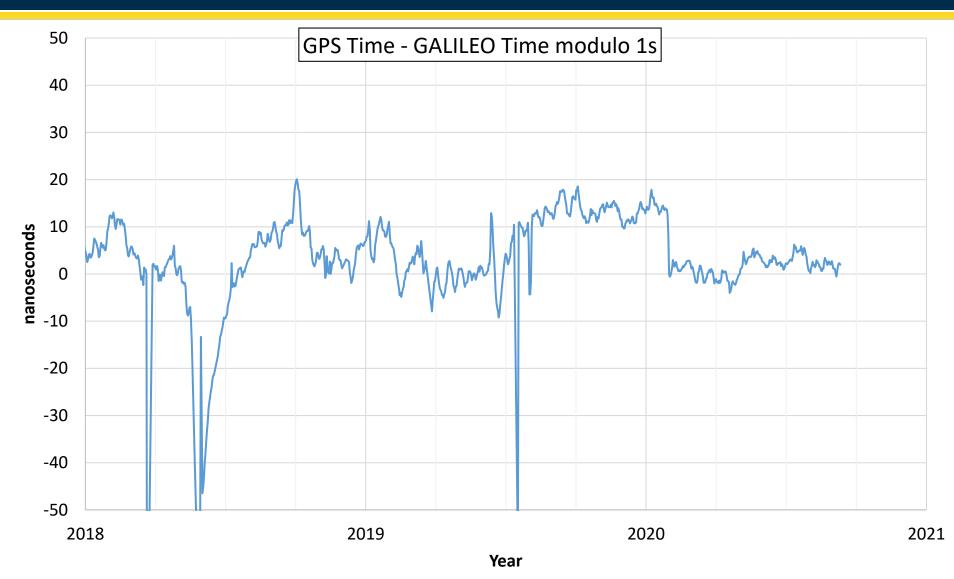


### **GALILEO GGTO**



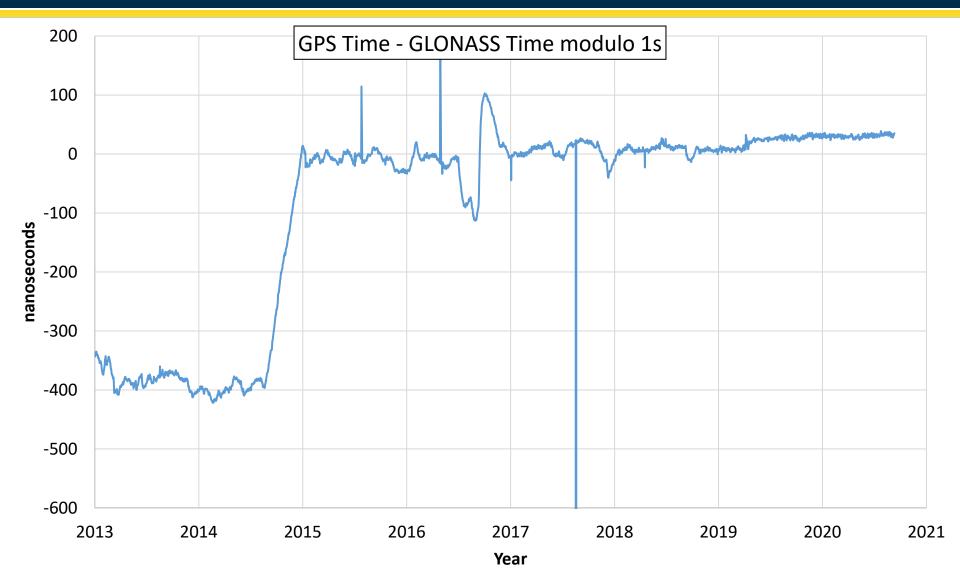


### **GALILEO GGTO**



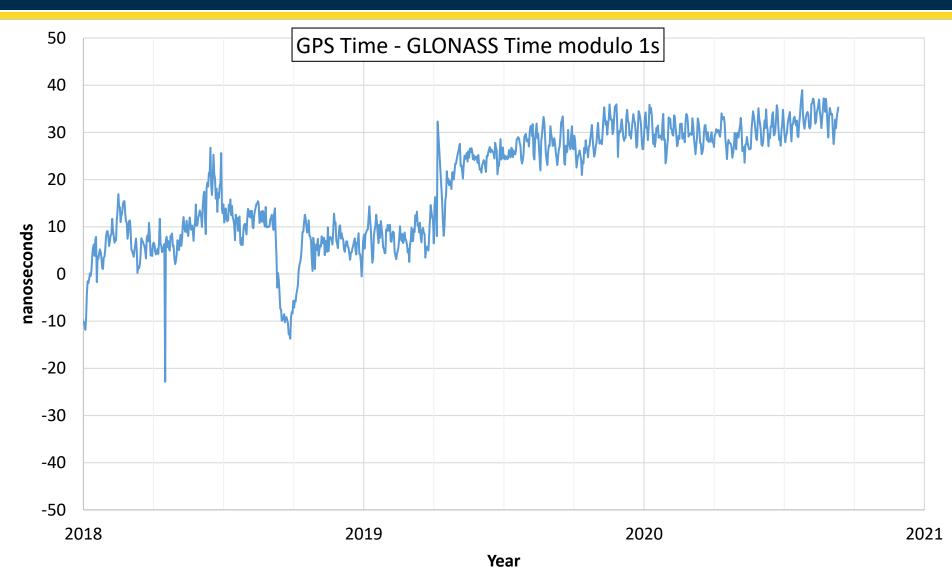


### **GLONASS GGTO**





### **GLONASS GGTO**





### Summary

#### USNO specializes in real-time timekeeping

#### **GPS supports many Precise Time Users**

#### **USNO provides the timing reference for GPS**

- Monitor and report the offset of GPS Time from UTC(USNO)
- Ensure the validity of reported numbers through receiver calibrations

#### USNO monitors other GNSS Time

• Will report GGTO data to GPS with OCX



