



59th Meeting of the Civil GPS Service Interface Committee Miami, Florida

17 September 2019

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Director

National Coordination Office

U.S. Policy



The U.S. must maintain its leadership in the service, provision, and use of Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS)

- Continuous, worldwide, free of direct user fees
- Encourage compatibility and interoperability with foreign GNSS services and promote transparency in civil service provisioning
- Operate and maintain constellation to satisfy civil and national security needs
 - Foreign PNT services may be used to augment and strengthen the resiliency of GPS
- Invest in domestic capabilities and support international activities to detect, mitigate and increase resiliency to harmful interference



U.S. Policy

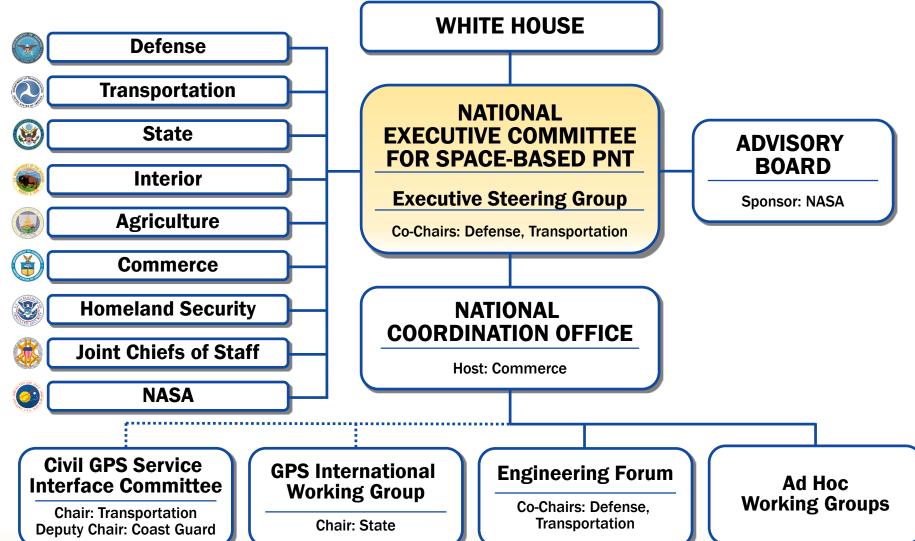


- NSPD-39, the Space-Based Positioning, Navigation, and Timing Policy from 2004, is in the process of being updated by the National Space Council
- Remarks by DOT General Counsel at the 6th Meeting of the National Space Council:
 - Under National Security Presidential Directive 39, issued in December 2004, the United States is committed to developing, maintaining and a modernizing the global positioning system, or GPS, and other satellite-based navigation systems, including backup capability in the event of a disruption of GPS.
 - ... "Working closely with the Commerce Department, NTIA, and the FCC," DOT's adjacent band compatibility study "shows we need strong, consistent policies to ensure protection for satellite-based navigation."



National Space-Based PNT Organization







Economic Benefits of GPS



The Department of Commerce, due in part to a request from the EXCOM, sponsored a study of the economic benefits of Global Positioning System (GPS)

- The two year study by RTI International shows 10 key industries generated \$1.4 trillion since GPS was made available for private-sector use in 1983. About 90 percent of this figure accrued after 2010
- In addition to discovering economic impacts, the study presents an analysis of the potential economic damages from a GPS outage. Though rare, a GPS outage could potentially have an economic impact of \$1 billion a day



The Airwaves Are Not Safe



- Computers and the Internet: Once Upon a Time...
 - A GPS receiver is more computer than radio...
- GPS relies on spectrum no longer a safe haven
- GPS receivers require Cybersecurity
- U.S. Policy directs PNT resiliency (NSPD-39, PPD-4, PPD-21, EO 13800, National Cyber Strategy)

"Known but unmitigated vulnerabilities are among the highest cybersecurity risks..."

(EO 13800: Strengthening the Cybersecurity of Federal Networks and Critical Infrastructure)



What Can You Do Now?



- CIOs: Include GPS enabled devices in Cybersecurity plans
- Be a demanding customer toughen GPS devices:
 - Incorporate valid range checking and other elements of latest GPS Interface Specification (IS-GPS-200K *)
 - Incorporate DHS Best Practices (Improving the Operation and Development of Global Positioning System (GPS) Equipment Used by Critical Infrastructure, Jan 2017 *)
 - * Documents available on www.gps.gov

Protect GPS and Critical Infrastructure that Relies on GPS





Thank You



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