Space and Missile Systems Center



Global Positioning Systems Directorate

GPS Status & Modernization Progress: Service, Satellites, Control Segment, and Military GPS User Equipment

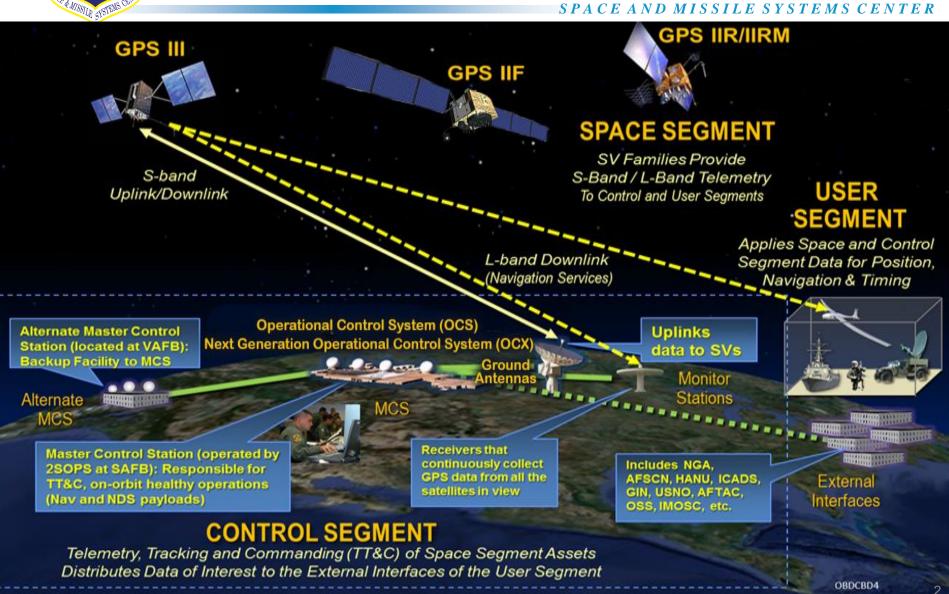
> CGSIC / ION GNSS+ 25-29 Sep 2017

Col Steve Whitney, Director

Global Positioning Systems Directorate



GPS Enterprise Operational View







Civil Cooperation

- 3+ Billion civil & commercial users worldwide
- Search and Rescue
- Civil Signals
 - L1 C/A (Original Signal)
- L2C (2nd Civil Signal)
- L5 (Aviation Safety of Life)
- L1C (International)



Spectrum

- World Radio Conference
- International Telecommunication Union
- Bilateral Agreements
- Adjacent Band Interference

35 Satellites / 31 Set Healthy Baseline Constellation: 24 Satellites

Satellite Block	Quantity	Average Age	Oldest
GPS IIR	12	15.7	20.1
GPS IIR-M	7	10.1	11.9
GPS IIF	12	3.6	7.3
Constellation	31	9.7	20.1

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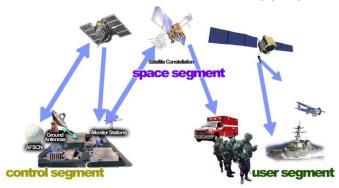


Department of Transportation

Federal Aviation Administration

Department of Homeland Security

· U.S. Coast Guard



GPS Overview

Department of Defense

- Services (Army, Navy, AF, USMC)
- Agencies (NGA & DISA)
- US Naval Observatory
- PNT EXCOM
- GPS Partnership Council

Maintenance/Security

- · All Level I and Level II
 - Worldwide Infrastructure
 - NATO Repair Facility
- Develop & Publish ICDs Annually
- Public ICWG: Worldwide Involvement
- Materials Available at: gps.gov/technical/icwg
- Update GPS.gov Webpage
- Load Operational Software on over 970,000 SAASM Receivers
- · Distribute PRNs for the World
 - 120 for US and 90 for GNSS

International Cooperation

- 57 Authorized Allied Users
 - -25+ Years of Cooperation
- GNSS
 - Europe Galileo
 - China Beidou
 - Russia GLONASS
 - Japan QZSS
 - India NAVIC



GPS Performance Report Cards



- 2013-2016 performance reports now available on gps.gov
- These reports measure GPS performance against GPS SPS PS commitments
- Reports generated by Applied Research Laboratories at the University of Texas at Austin

Performance Standard Metric		2013	2014	2015	2016
SIS Accuracy	URE Accuracy	✓	✓	✓	✓
	UTCOE Accuracy	N/A	N/A	✓	✓
SIS Integrity	Instantaneous URE Integrity	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Instantaneous UTCOE Integrity	N/A	N/A	✓	✓
SIS Continuity	Unscheduled Failure Interruptions	√	√	√	√
	Status and Problem Reporting	N/A	*	✓	*
SIS Availability	Per-Slot Availability	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Constellation Availability	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Operational Satellite Counts	✓	✓	✓	✓
Position/Time Standards	PDOP Availability	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Position Service Availability	>	→	✓	✓
	Position Accuracy	✓	✓	✓	✓



GPS SIS Performance Scoreboard

GPS SIGNAL IN SPACE (SIS) PERFORMANCE (CM)



L



GPS Modernization

Space System (Satellites)

Legacy (GPS IIA/IIR)

- Basic GPS
- NUDET (Nuclear Detonation)
 Detection System (NDS)



GPS IIR-M

- 2nd Civil signal (L2C)
- New Military signal
- Increased Anti-Jam power

GPS IIF

- 3rd Civil Signal (L5)
- Longer Life
- Better Clocks

GPS III (SV01-10)

- Accuracy & Power
- Increased Anti-Jam power
- Inherent Signal Integrity
- Common L1C Signal
- Longer Life

GPS III (SV11+)

- Unified S-Band Telemetry, Tracking & Commanding
- Search & Rescue (SAR)
 Payload
- Laser Retroreflector Array
- Redesigned NDS Payload
- Regional Military Protect (RMP)

Ground System

Legacy (OCS)

- Mainframe System
- Command & Control
- Signal Monitoring

ΔFP

- Distributed Architecture
- Increased Signal Monitoring Coverage
- Security
- Accuracy
- Launch And Disposal Operations

OCX Block 0

GPS III Launch & Checkout

GPS III Contingency Ops (COps)

GPS III Mission on AEP

M-Code Early Use (MCEU)

Operational M-Code on AEP

OCX Block 1

- Fly Constellation & GPS III
- Begin New Signal Control
- Upgraded Information Assurance

OCX Block 2+

- Control all signals
- Capability On-Ramps
- GPS III Evolution

User Equipment System (Receivers)

Legacy (PLGR/GAS-1/MAGR)

First Generation System

User Equipment

Improved Anti-Jam & Systems

Reduced Size, Weight & Power

Upgraded Antennas

Improved Anti-Jam Antennas

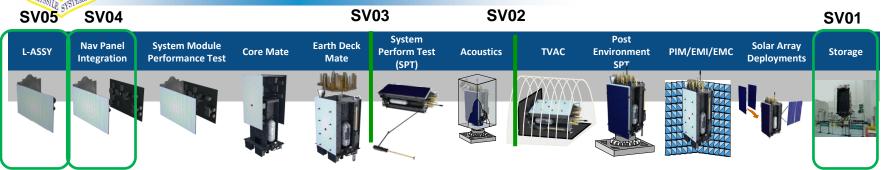
Modernized

- M-Code Receivers
- Common GPS Modules
- · Increased Access/ Power with M-Code
- Increased Accuracy
- Increased Availability
- Increased Anti-Tamper/ Anti-Spoof
- Increased Acquisition in Jamming





State of the GPS III Space Vehicles



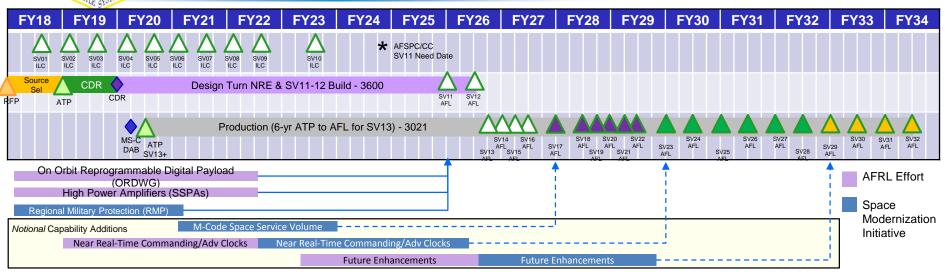
- SV01 placed into storage on 28 Feb 17
 - Factory Mission Readiness Test in Oct 2017; ECD Nov 2017
- SV02 has begun TVAC
 - Thermal Vacuum began Mid Sep 2017; ECD Mid Dec 2017
 - PIM/EMI/EMC in Jan 2018
- SV03 is currently completing Post Mate Activities
 - SPT starting late Oct 2017; ECD Nov 2017
 - Acoustics Test & Alignments scheduled for Feb 2018
- SV04 is currently in System Module buildup stage
 - System Module Performance Test starting in Oct 2017; ECD Nov 2017
 - Core Mate scheduled for Dec 2017
- SV05 is currently in L-Assembly buildup stage; SV06 begins production in Dec 2017





GPS III Acquisition Strategy

Modernization, Recapitalization, and Resiliency



- Targeting 2017 RFP release for competitive production contract for 22 GPS III satellites
- Partnerships with AFRL for technology insertion & path to flight
 - Digital Payloads
 - High Power Amplifiers
 - Advanced Clocks
 - Near Real-Time Commanding/Crosslinks



Ensuring the Gold Standard

Today and into the future



GPS Next Generation Operational Control System (OCX)

Next-generation C2 and cyber-defense for GPS

- Worldwide, 24 hr/day, all weather, position, velocity and time source for military & civilian users
- Improved PNT performance
- Robust information assurance and cyber security
- Modern civil signals & monitoring
- Support to Military Code (M-Code) navigation warfare

Incremental Development

- OCX Block 0: launch & checkout for GPS III
- OCX Block 1 & 2: operate & manage modernized GPS constellation, adds modern features and signals, provide Civil Signal Performance Monitoring

Current Status: Working through program challenges

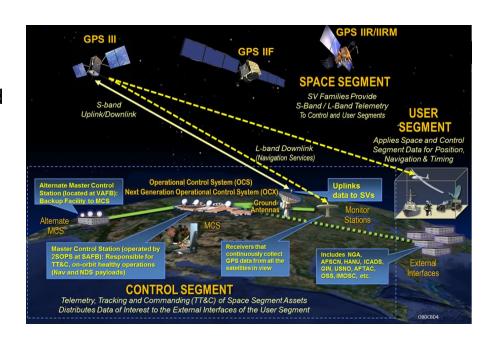
- Nunn-McCurdy Breach declared on 30 Jun 16; OCX recertified in Oct 2016
- Program focused on improving systems engineering and implementing DevOps/automation
- First integrated launch rehearsal between GPS III and OCX Block 0 completed Aug 2017 exercising key mission events and establishing crew proficiency
- AF Satellite Control Network (AFSCN) Ranging Demo in Aug 2017 validated ability to utilize operational AFSCN sites, process live ranging data, compute orbit determination solutions





GPS III Contingency Operations (COps)

- Limited operations for GPS III Space Vehicles until OCX Block 1 delivery
 - Provides legacy and modernized civil signal operations
 - Relies on OCX Block 0 for GPS III launch, major anomaly, and disposal capabilities
 - Available for operations projected in Apr 2019
- Software Development
 - Risk reduction modification to current Operational Control System (OCS)
 - Four incremental software builds planned
- Current Status: on track
 - Build 3 complete and in testing
 - Build 4 preparation underway, planned completion by Dec 2017





GPS III SV01 Road To Launch

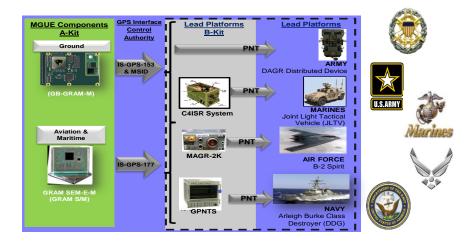


GPS III SV01 Enterprise road to launch – A series of firsts!



Military GPS User Equipment (MGUE)

- Commercial market-driven acquisition approach
- Three vendors developing modernized receiver cards
 - Ground form factor
 - Aviation/Maritime form factor
- Current Status
 - L-3 Technologies first to receive security certification Oct 2016
 - Developmental testing ongoing
 - Conducting early integration activities to support Service-nominated Lead Platforms











MGUE Precision Guided Munitions Test



Control

Telemetry

Cone

Electronics

Unit (GEU) &



B-2 MGUE Flight Test

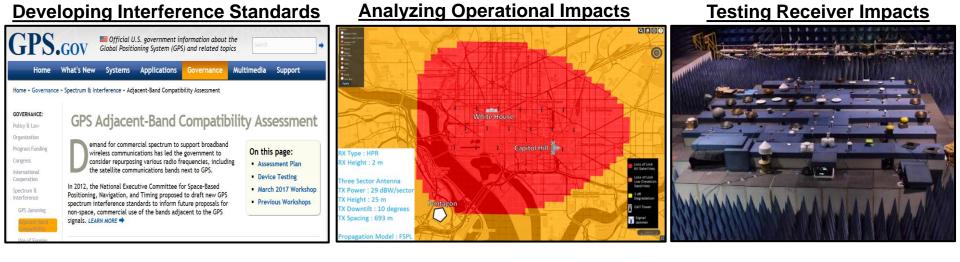




Adjacent Band Compatibility (ABC)

Ensuring GNSS spectrum use for GPS and its multi-GNSS partners

Ensuring Ortoo spectrum asc for Or o and its mattronicies



- Publicly-available test reports confirm unacceptable impacts to GPS receivers
 - Air Force tested DoD receivers to assess the impact of adjacent band interference
 - Results support U.S. Department of Transportation conclusions



GPS Director's Perspectives

- GPS is the Global Utility
 - Committed to maintaining uninterrupted service
 - "The Gold Standard"
- Continue to enhance GPS resiliency by:
 - Addressing near-term needs with current efforts
 - Identifying opportunities for resiliency improvements
 - Maturing technical needs for future use
- Appreciate the need for alternative PNT sources, and challenge the community (labs, industry, others) to propose & explore solutions
- Exploring & expanding multi-GNSS potential

