



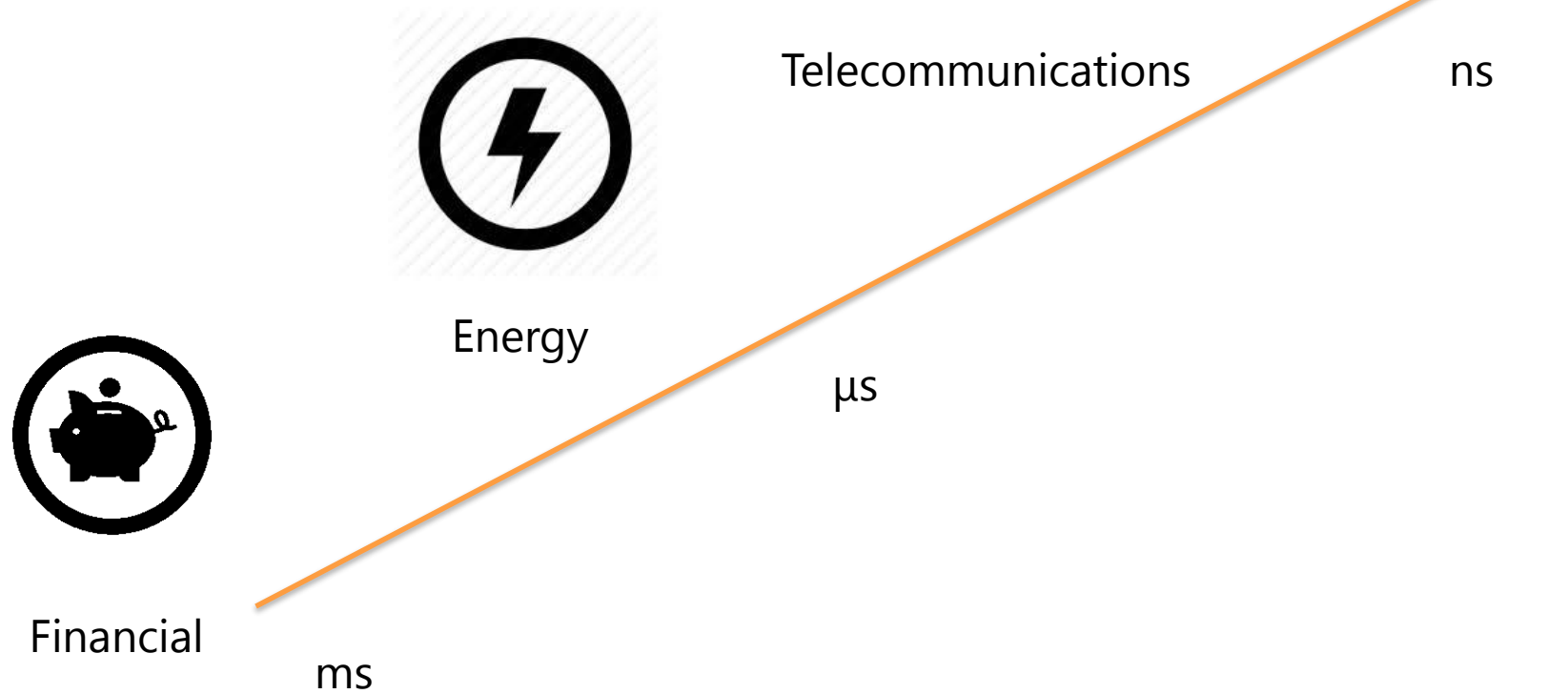
Robust GNSS for Timing Applications

57th Meeting of the CGSIC

**Portland, Oregon
September 25, 2017**

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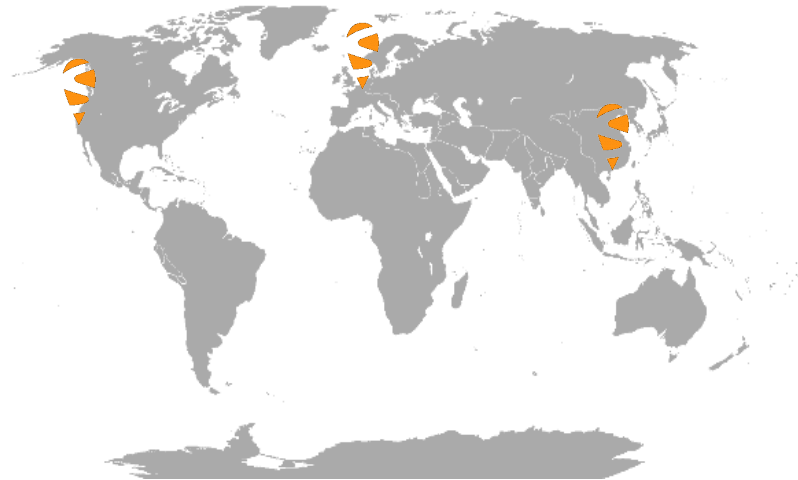
Robust GNSS timing is critical to infrastructure across numerous industries, and facing a wide range of threats



Topics

- Septentrio Background
- Keys to Robustness for GNSS Timing
 - Multi-frequency
 - Multi-constellation
 - Anti-jamming
 - Spoof resilience
- Summary

Septentrio Global Resources for Global Positioning



* Septentrio corporate offices shown above.
Additional dealers are located on 6 continents.

Europe

- **Leuven, Belgium (HQ)**



Americas

- Torrance, California

Asia-Pacific

- Causeway Bay, Hong Kong



Leuven Institutions



KATHOLIEKE UNIVERSITEIT
LEUVEN



Septentrio – GNSS Technology for Professional and Scientific Applications

Machine Automation

Marine



Construction



Mining



Logistics



Agriculture



Autonomous driving



Survey and Mapping

Survey



GIS



Mobile Mapping



Unmanned Systems



Timing/Scientific/Reference

Reference Receivers



Timing Receivers



Space Weather



Aerospace/Defense

Aerospace



Defense



Septentrio – GNSS Technology for Professional and Scientific Applications



Easy-to-integrate



Reliability



Availability



Accuracy



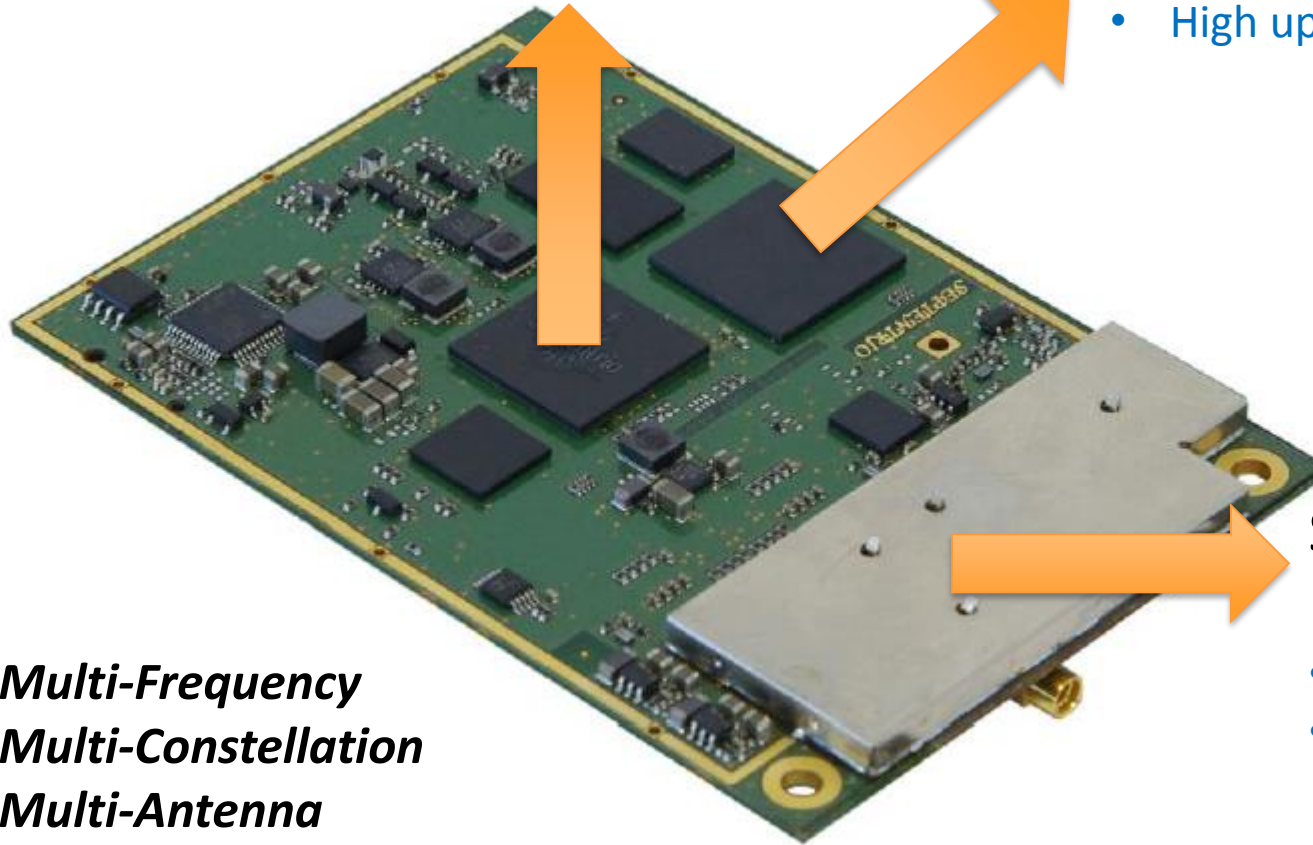
Technology

Typical Septentrio Product

In-House Developed
Baseband ASIC

Flexible Positioning Engine

- DGPS, RTK, PPP
- Multi-sensor
- High Sensitivity
- High update rates



State-of-the-Art
RF front-end

- High Linearity
- COTS components

Multi-Frequency
Multi-Constellation
Multi-Antenna

Septentrio GNSS Product Lines – Professional and Scientific

AsteRx:

- Machine Control, Marine, Military & UAV segments



OEM Receiver Boards

Altus:

- Survey & GIS



Smart Antennas

PolaRx:

- Government & Research Institutions



Timing, Reference & Ionospheric Monitoring GNSS Receivers



Integrated GNSS Receivers

Septentrio GNSS Receivers for Time & Frequency Applications



PolaRx5TR



- Multi-frequency GNSS Time and Frequency Transfer
- High-precision, low-noise measurements
- PPS input internal delay auto-calibration
- Fully compliant with CCTF 4 and 5 (2015), CGGTTS V2E

AsteRx-m2 OEM



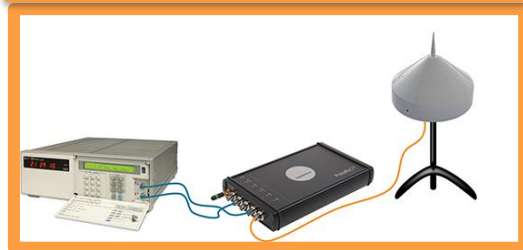
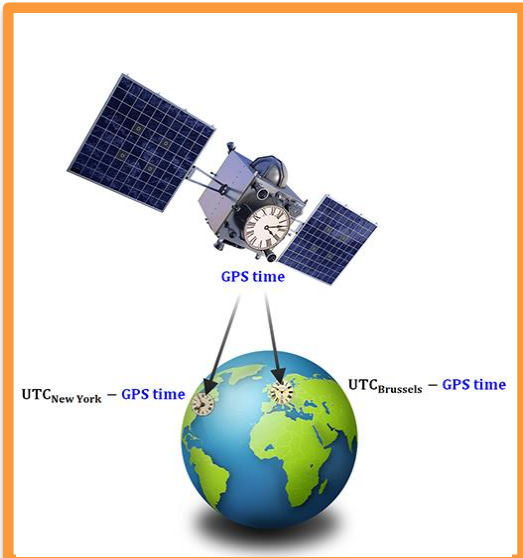
- Compact, high-performance
- Ultra-low power multi-frequency GNSS
- Time and frequency synchronization
- For Telecom, First Responders, Military, other OEMs



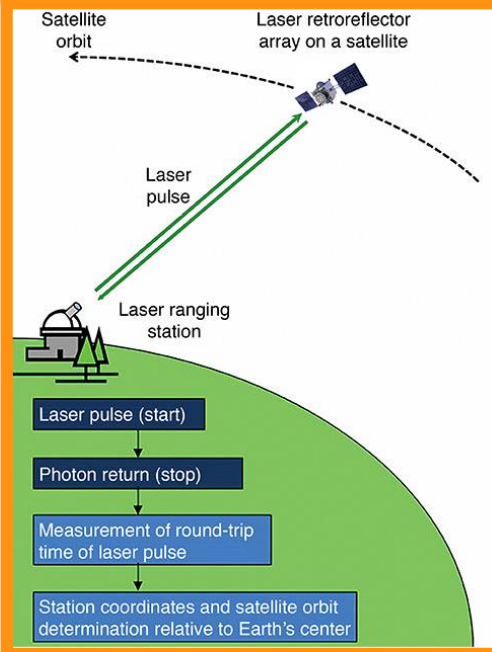
AIM+ Advanced Interference Mitigation: Most advanced anti-jamming technology, Suppressing the widest variety of interferers

Septentrio Advanced Timing Applications

National Timing Labs - UTC Contributors



Satellite Laser Ranging - Time & Frequency sync



Particle Physics - Neutrino velocity measurement



Photo fro, INFN

By Comparing Individual Clocks with GNSS Time, They Can be Compared with Each Other

To compare the atomic clocks used in timing labs around the world, they need to be connected to an accurate GNSS time transfer receiver. This special type of receiver uses an external atomic clock and utilizes two output signals:

- A pulse every second synchronized to UTC (PPS IN) and
- A 10 MHz frequency reference; essentially a sine wave (REF IN)



To reach the nanosecond accuracies required, Septentrio applies its expertise:

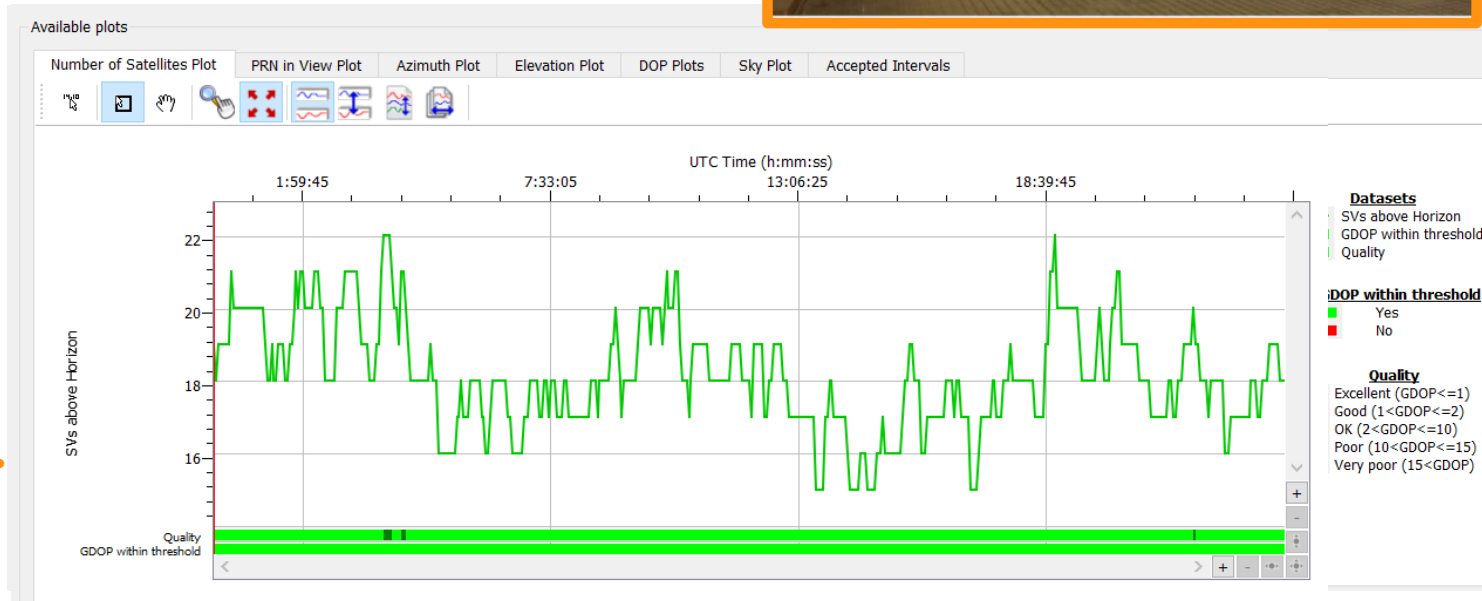
- Signal delays in all elements in the setup should be accurately calibrated
- BIPM maintains a set of pre-calibrated travelling receivers as calibration references.

Why Multi-Constellation GNSS?

More Satellites = Higher Accuracy

SATELLITE AVAILABILITY

- Full open-sky conditions can be difficult to attain in urban environments
- Ex: Portland, Oregon in open-sky
 - GPS max 12 SV
 - GPS+GLONASS max 22 SV
 - GPS+GLONASS+GALILEO + BEIDOU max 41SV

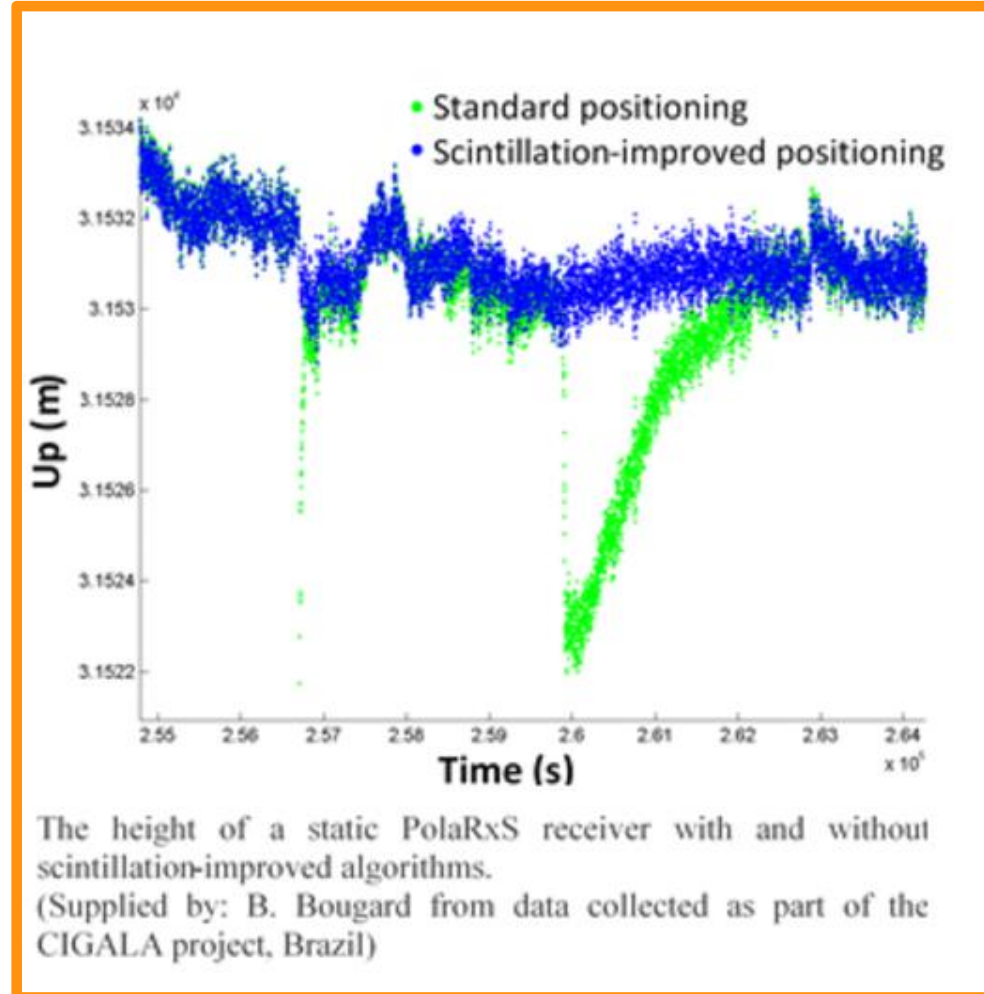
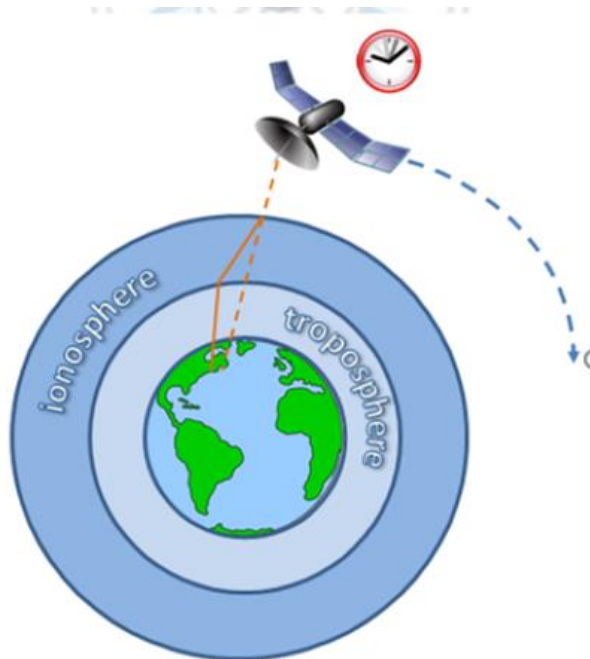


Why Multi-Constellation GNSS?

More Satellites = Higher Accuracy

ROBUSTNESS

- Even if L1 signal is jammed), other carriers (L2, L5) can still provide a solution
- The use of multi-frequency GNSS equipment allows the calculation and removal of local ionospheric errors



GNSS RFI Vulnerability: Interference Is Everywhere



- GNSS signals received on the ground are very low power
- Sharing of radio spectrum with other services, some operating at high power (Ligado, Iridium, Inmarsat, Distance Measuring Equipment)

Narrowband
Wideband

Pulsed
Continuous

Unintentional
Intentional (jamming)

In-band
Out of band

Spectral Allocation – United States

UNITED STATES FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS

THE RADIO SPECTRUM

RADIO SERVICES COLOR LEGEND

AERONAUTICAL MOBILE	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE SATELLITE	RADIO ASTRONOMY
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE SATELLITE	RADIO DETERMINATION SATELLITE
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE SATELLITE	RADIO LOCATION SATELLITE
FIXED	FIXED SATELLITE	RADIO NAVIGATION SATELLITE
MOBILE	MOBILE SATELLITE	RADIO POSITIONING SATELLITE
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING SATELLITE	RADIO RELAY SATELLITE
TERRESTRIAL FIXED	TERRESTRIAL MOBILE	SPACE STATION
TERRESTRIAL FIXED SATELLITE	TERRESTRIAL MOBILE SATELLITE	SPACE STATION AND TIME SIGNAL
FIXED SATELLITE	MOBILE SATELLITE	FIXED SATELLITE AND TIME SIGNAL
FIXED SATELLITE	MOBILE SATELLITE	FIXED SATELLITE AND TIME SIGNAL

ACTIVITY CODE

GOVERNMENT EXCLUSIVE	GOVERNMENT NON-GOVERNMENT SHARED
NON-GOVERNMENT EXCLUSIVE	

ALLOCATION USAGE DESIGNATION

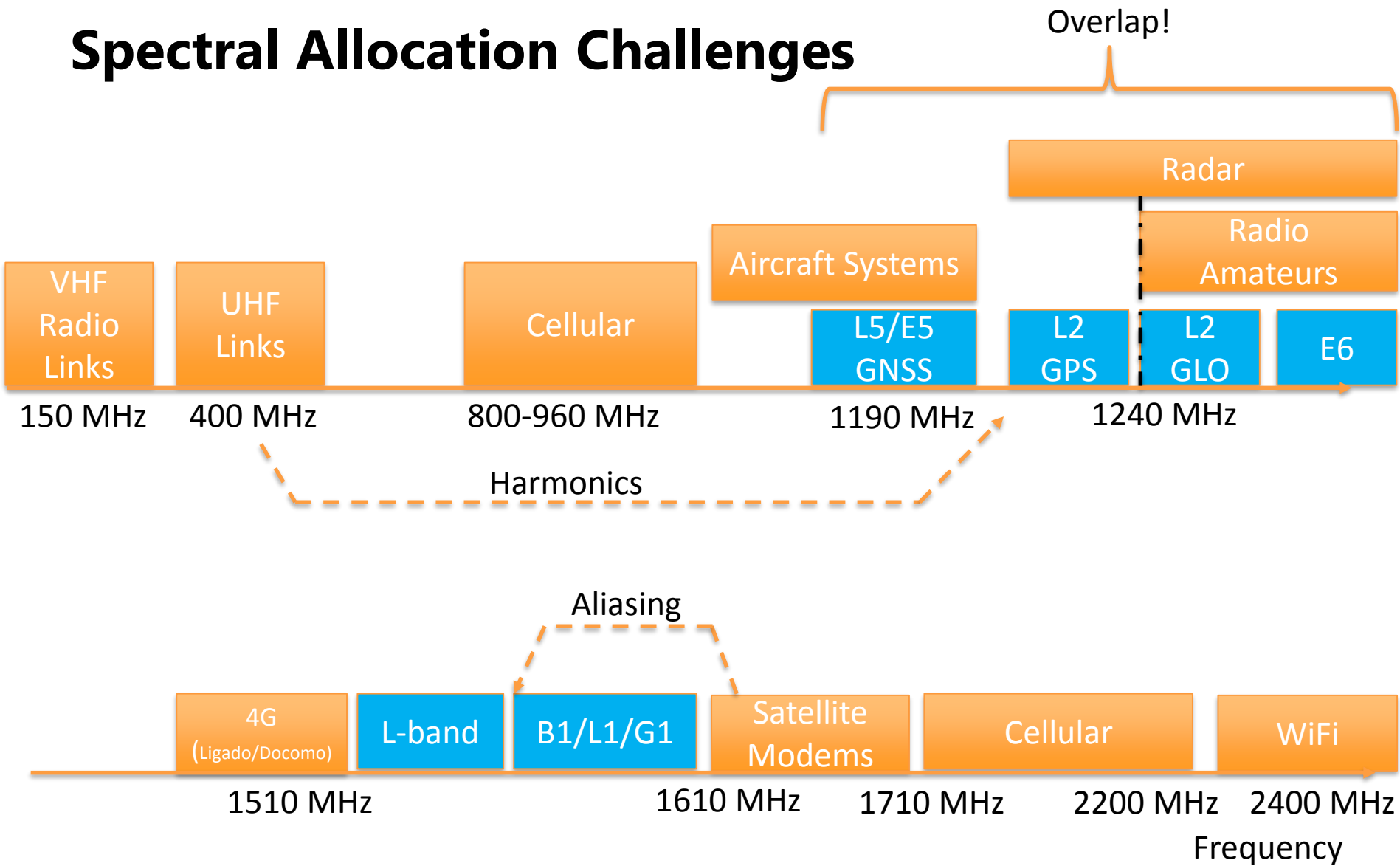
SERVICE	EXAMPLE	REMARKS
Fixed	FDND	Fixed Land
Mobile	MOB	Mobile Land

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Telecommunications and Information Administration
Office of Spectrum Management
August 2012



Spectral Allocation Challenges

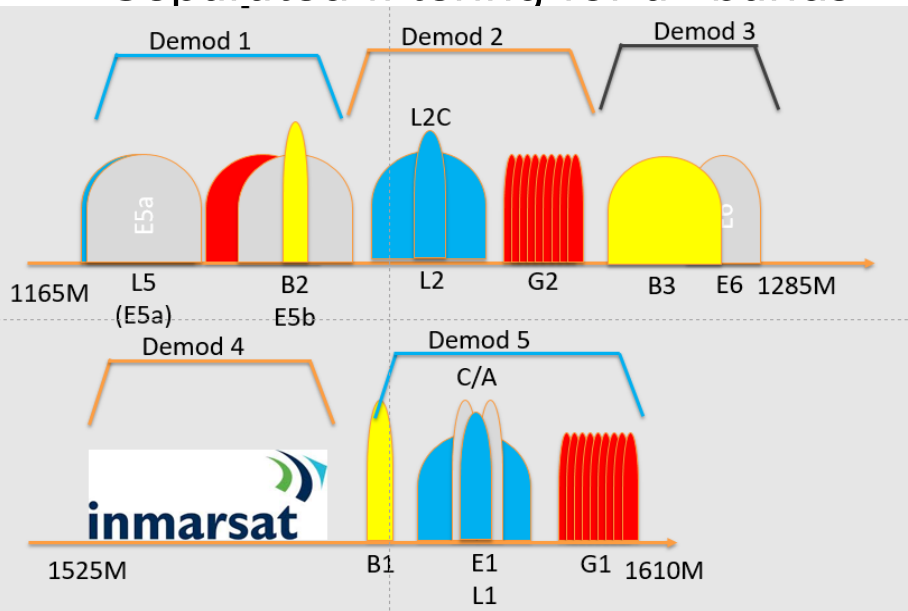


Septentrio AIM+ Advanced Interference Mitigation

Out-of-band

Multiple Demodulators

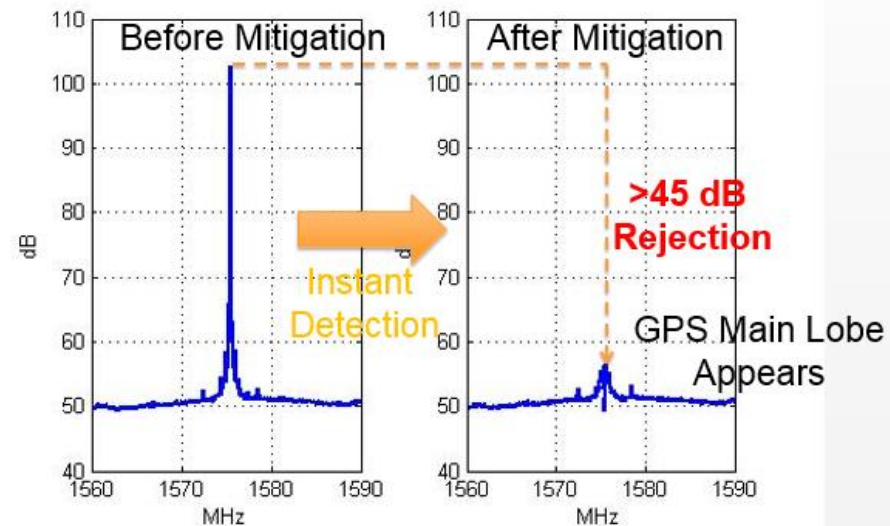
Separated filtering for all bands



In-band

- 3 notch filters
- Wide band interference mitigation Unit (WIMU)
- Pulse-blanking

-75 dBm @ 1575,42 MHz



* Demod 3 is PolaRx5/AsteRx4 Platform only

Spoofing Threats Must Be Addressed



- Inexpensive software-defined radio spoofers will pose a significant threat to GNSS equipment
 - Just a few hundred dollars
 - Thousands in the field
- By emulating GNSS signals, SDR spoofers convince a receiver that it is somewhere other than its true location
- Septentrio has tested their effectiveness and can now demonstrate how spoofing may be mitigated

Septentrio at ION GNSS+

Session B4: Spectrum: Protection and Optimization

Date: Thursday, Sept. 28, 2017

Time: 1:45 p.m. - 5:30 p.m.

Location: Room B110/B111/B112

Wim de Wilde presentation*

- **Spoofing Threats: Reality Check, Impact and Cure**

*If you do not attend, this paper is available after ION GNSS+

Septentrio Summary for Delivering Robust, Accurate GNSS Timing

- Maximize GNSS signals
- Calculate and resolve ionospheric errors
- Mitigate the effects of narrowband and wideband interference
- Address the threat of spoofing

Questions?

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Appendix

Septentrio Core Technologies for Reliable Accuracy in Challenging Environments



Professional and Scientific
GNSS applications



RF front-end & Clock

- Multi-Frequency Multi-Constellation
- High interference immunity
- High stability (biases over temperature)
- COTS or RFIC

SoC, ASIC

- All-in-view multi-frequency multi-constellation
- Fast acquisition
- Built-in interference mitigation (incl. chirp)
- Advanced power management

DSP

- All signals in space (GPS, GLO, GAL, BDS, QZSS)
- multi-path mitigation (wide-band arch., APME)
- Very low measurement noise
- High sensitivity

PVT: Position Velocity & Timing

- Scalable accuracy : sub-meter down to cm
- High reliability
- High availability in challenging environments
- All technologies (SBAS, DGNSS, RTK, PPP, SSR)

PolaRx5 Product Family: Application-Specific Models

		PolaRx5 Reference Receiver	PolaRx5S Iono Monitoring	PolaRx5TR Time & Freq Transfer
Hardware	Internal clock	TCXO	OCXO	TCXO
	REF IN	YES	NO	YES
	PPS IN	NO	NO	YES
	External Clock Synchronization	Frequency only	NO	Frequency and time
	REF OUT	YES	YES	YES
	PPS OUT	YES	YES	YES
Software	PPP for seismic	YES	NO	NO
	CGGTTS	NO	NO	YES
	ISMR	NO	YES	NO
	IQ Corr	NO	YES	NO

PolaRx5TR



Timing specific specs:

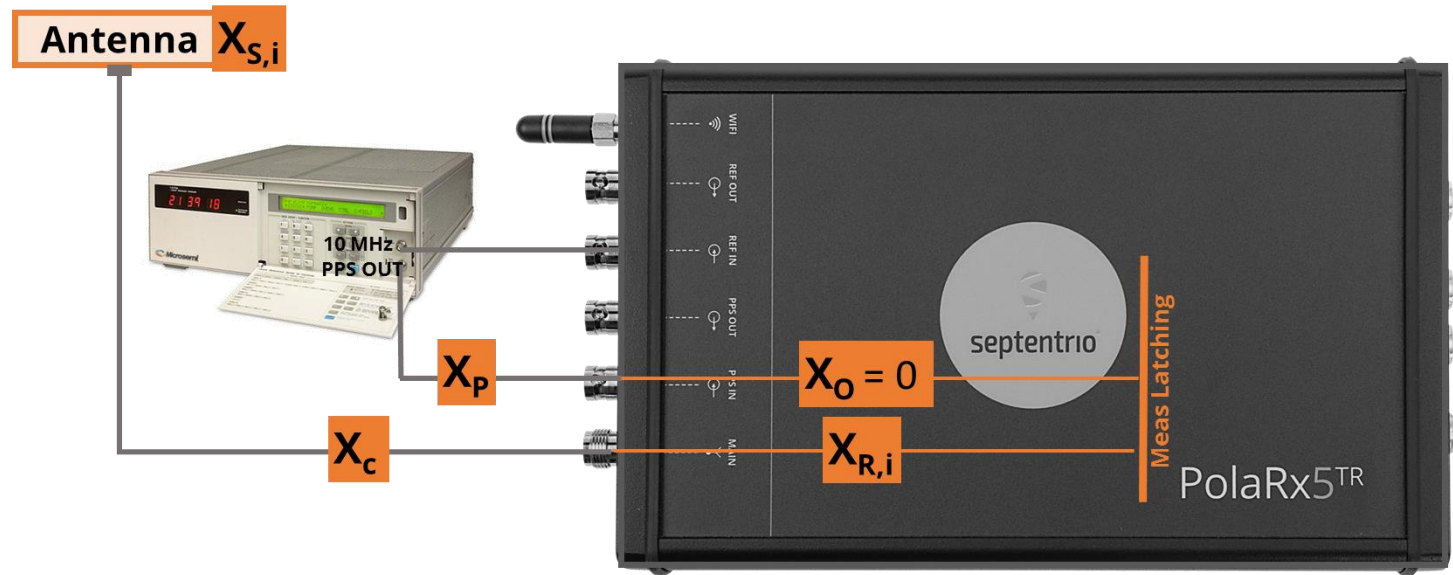
- Code-carrier bias 0 by design
- Inter-frequency code bias <10 ns
- Inter-system code bias in common carrier <2ns
- Code measurements <0.5 ns
- Phase measurements < 5 ps
- PPS in delay calibration precision 20 ps



All PolaRx5 Family GNSS Receivers provide:

- Track all visible signals (GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO, BEIDOU, IRNSS, QZSS, SBAS)
- High-precision, low-noise measurements
- AIM Best in class interference monitoring and mitigation
- Low and scalable power consumption
- Powerful web interface and logging tools
- Logging up to 24 parallel data records both internally and to an external device

What Accuracy Can Be Achieved with PolaRx5TR?

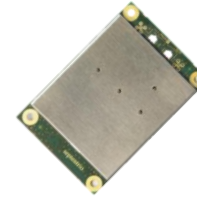


Accuracy is dependent on the setup...

- Delays due to cable, antenna and receiver front-end require calibration
- Achieve ~1ns accuracy when all delays calibrated

$X_{S,i}$: delay in antenna for signal i
 $X_{R,i}$: delay in RF section of receiver for signal i
 X_C : delay in RF cable (including amplifier and splitter)
 X_P : delay in PPS cable
 X_O : delay between PPS IN connector and internal receiver time reference ($X_O = 0$ on PolaRx5TR when auto-calibration is enabled)

AsteRx-m2 - Key Features



- Best-in-class reliable and scalable position accuracy



- Clock synch functionality = Time synch + frequency synch



- AIM+ unique interference monitoring and mitigation system



- Industry-leading ultra-low power consumption



- All-in-view satellite tracking: multi-constellation, multi-frequency



- Easy to integrate

AsteRx-m2 Features



- Multi-Constellation / Multi-Frequency
 - GPS L1CA, L1P, L2P, L2C, L5, L1C ready
 - GLO L1CA, L2CA, L3
 - BDS B1, B2
 - GAL E1BC, E5a, E5b, E5AltBOC
 - QZSS L1CA, L2C, L5, L1C ready
 - IRNSS L5
 - SBAS L1, L5
 - 2-channel L-band – Terrastar services
- **Powerful GNSS capabilities**
 - **Interference monitoring and mitigation**
 - **Low latency**
 - **Up to 100Hz RTK**
- Footprint and connectivity backward compatible with AsteRx-m
 - USB device
 - 3 TTL UART
 - PPS out, event marker
 - 1 SDIO (for SD card logging)



AsteRx-m2 Clock Synchronization

$$\text{CLOCK SYNC} = \text{FREQ SYNC} + \text{TIME SYNC}$$

➤ Freq Sync

Connecting an accurate 10 MHz reference enables your receiver to keep the time accurately

➤ Time Sync

Sending a time-adjust signal sets the time right after each power cycle

