# **Space and Missile Systems Center**



# Global Positioning Systems Directorate

GPS Program Update to Civil GPS Service Interface Committee (CGSIC)

9 Sep 2014

Colonel Matthew Smitham

Deputy Director, GPS Directorate



## Global Positioning Systems Directorate

#### SPACE AND MISSILE SYSTEMS CENTER

#### Mission:

Acquire, deliver and sustain reliable GPS capabilities to America's warfighters, our allies, and civil users

















Deliver and sustain global navigation and timing service



## GPS Program Partnership

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- Civil representatives integral members of GPS team
  - Resident in the GPS Directorate DOT (1), FAA (1), NASA (½)
- Support program, Interface Control Document and Specification reviews
  - Civil GPS Service Interface Committee (CGSIC)
  - Signal Monitoring Working Group (SMWG)
  - Interface Control Working Group (ICWG)
  - L1C Product Implementation Teams
  - Positioning Signal Integrity and Continuity Assurance (PSICA) Team
  - Interagency Forum for Operational Requirements (IFOR)
  - National Space-Based PNT Engineering Forum (NPEF)
  - Nation Space-Based Coordination Office (NCO)





Interagency partnerships are critical to GPS modernization success!



### **GPS Constellation**

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- Robust constellation
  - 31 space vehicles currently in operation
    - 5 GPS IIA, 12 GPS IIR, 7 GPS IIR-M, 7 GPS IIF
  - 7 additional satellites in residual status, 1 in test status
- Extensive International and Civil Cooperation
  - Agreements with 57 international customers
  - 1 billion+ civil/commercial users
  - Countless applications...and growing
- Global GPS civil service performance commitment met continuously since Dec 1993
  - Best performance 46.6 cm User Range Error (URE) 8 Jun 13; best weekly average 58.7 cm URE 18 Aug 14
  - Performance improving as new satellites replace older satellites





## GPS Signal in Space Performance

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#### Standard Positioning Service (SPS) Signal-in-Space Performance 2001 Standard Positioning Service (SPS) Performance Standard (PS) (RMS over all SPS SIS URE) Performance Signal-in-Space User Range Error is the difference between a GPS satellite's navigation data 2008 Standard Positioning Service (SPS) (position and clock) and the ruth, projected on the line-of-sight to the user Performance Standard (PS) (Worst of any SPS SIS URE) Better Decreasing range error = Increasing accuracy **Precision Agriculture** 1.6 1.1 1.1 1.0 1.2 Mining and Construction 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 6 Precise Positioning Service (PPS) Signal-in-Space Performance Aviation Root Mean Square (RMS) Signal-in-Space (SIS) User Range Error (URE) in meters T C C P G C **Better Performance** Signal-in-Space User Range Error is the Wildlife Research difference between a GPS satellite's navigation data (position and clock) and the ruth, projected on the lineof-sight to the user 2007 Precise Positioning Service (PPS) Performance Standard (PS) (Worst of any SPS SIS URE) Decreasing range error = Increasing accuracy 1.5 1.3 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.8 **Precision Navigation** 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013

System accuracy exceeds published standard



## **GPS IIF Status**

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- What a year!
- Launched GPS IIF-5 on 21 Feb 14
  - Satellite Vehicle Number 64, PRN 30
- Launched GPS IIF-6 on 15 May 14
  - Satellite Vehicle Number 67, PRN 6
- Launched GPS IIF-7 on 1 Aug 14
  - Satellite Vehicle Number 68, PRN 9
- 7 total GPS IIFs on orbit
  - Continued demonstration of Flex Power capability
- 5 more GPS IIFs in the pipeline
  - SV-8 scheduled for launch in Oct 2014
  - SVs 10, 11, and 12 are in storage
  - SV-9 is in production testing
  - Improved Rubidium clocks on SVs 3 and 5-12





## **GPS III Status**

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- Newest block of GPS satellites
  - 4 civil and 4 military signals:L1 C/A, L1C, L2C, L5; L1/L2 P(Y), L1/L2M
  - First satellites to broadcast common L1C signal
  - Three improved Rubidium atomic clocks
- SV07/08 contract awarded 31 Mar 14
- Navigation Payload Panel in acceptance testing
- GPS III Non-Flight Satellite Testbed accomplished launch processing at Cape Canaveral; reduced risk for integration & test and launch processing
- GPS III SV01 available for launch starting Jan 2016



Lockheed-Martin (Waterton, CO) - Prime



## Ground Segment Status

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- Current system Operational Control Segment (OCS)
  - Flying GPS constellation on Architecture Evolution Plan (AEP) and Launch & Early Orbit, Anomaly, and Disposal Operations (LADO) software systems
  - Cyber security enhancements in progress
- Next Generation Operational Control System (OCX)
  - Modernized command & control system with M-Code, modern civil, signal monitoring, info assurance infrastructure and improved PNT performance
  - OCX Block 0 supports launch & checkout for GPS III and is in integration & test; Raytheon (Aurora, CO) - Prime
  - OCX Block 1 supports transition from OCS in 2018
  - Successfully completed 3 GPS III launch exercises



**Monitor Station** 



Ground Antenna



## GPS Modernization – New Civil Signals

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- Second civil signal "L2C"
  - Designed to meet commercial needs
  - Available since 2005 without data message
  - Phased roll-out of CNAV message
  - Currently 14 SVs broadcasting L2C



- Third civil signal "L5"
  - Designed to meet transportation safety-of-life requirements
  - Uses Aeronautical Radio Navigation Service band
  - Currently 7 SVs broadcasting L5
- Fourth civil signal "L1C"
  - Designed for GNSS interoperability
  - Specification developed in cooperation with industry
  - Launches with GPS III in 2016
  - Improved tracking performance





**Improved** 

performance in

challenged

environments



## **CNAV Pre-Operational Deployment**

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- Initiated continuous CNAV message broadcast (L2C & L5) on 28 Apr 14
- CNAV Data message uploaded twice a week initially; with daily uploads expected by Dec 2014
- Position accuracy not guaranteed during pre-operational deployment of CNAV signals; "use at own risk"
  - L2C message currently set "healthy"
  - L5 message set "unhealthy" until sufficient monitoring capability established (signal verification)
- Expected Performance for users:
  - During first 24 hours after upload, CNAV performs as LNAV
  - Expect divergence between CNAV & LNAV as CNAV data ages until next CNAV upload

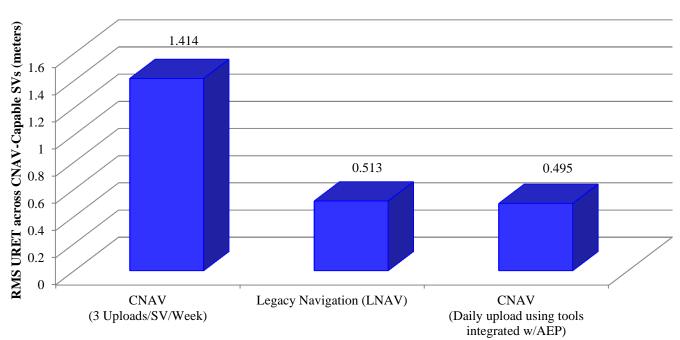


# Effect of Upload Frequency on CNAV User Range Error

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- Improved tools reduce age of data & CNAV User Ranging Error (URE)
- Initial, twice-a-week upload (Apr 2014) drives high CNAV URE

#### RMS URE Driven by Upload Latency & Integration with AEP



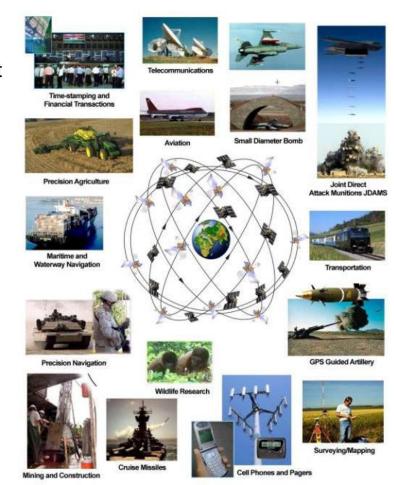
Integrated solutions will broadcast CNAV URE comparable to Legacy in Dec 2014



## **GPS Summary**

#### SPACE AND MISSILE SYSTEMS CENTER

- Modernized signal development in progress
  - 14 L2C, 7 L5 and 14 M-Code capable SVs on orbit
  - OCX will implement full C2 of L1/L2M, L2C, L5
  - Continuous L2C, L5 CNAV message broadcast began Apr 2014
  - Expect the first L1C SV launch in 2016
  - Continued progress to M-Code early use ~2017
- Modernization of all GPS Segments making progress but still with technical challenges commensurate with the advanced tech
- Working domestically, internationally and with Industry to simultaneously protect GNSS services and release spectrum for mobile services



Maintaining the world's "Gold Standard" PNT service is Job #1