DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY INTERFERENCE DETECTION MITIGATION (IDM) VIGILANCE ~ SAFEGUARDING AMERICA

DHS Position, Navigation & Timing (PNT)
Program Management Office
John Merrill – Program Manager

CGSIC September 2012



Agenda

- Governance
- Existing and Emerging Threats
- Critical Infrastructure Interdependencies
- Patriot Watch Architecture
- Public Outreach Collaboration with other Agencies
- Conclusions



Interference Detection & Mitigation (IDM) per NSPD 39

U.S. SPACE-BASED POSITIONING, NAVIGATION, AND TIMING POLICY

December 15, 2004

The President authorized a new national policy on becomber 8, 200 and test UP True And implementation actions for space-based positioning, navigation, and timing programs.

and implementation actions for space-based positioning, navigation, and timing programs, augmentations, and activities for U.S. national and homeland security, civil, scientific, and commercial purposes. This policy supersedes Presidential Decision Directive/National Science and Technology Council-6, U.S. Global Positioning System Policy, dated March 28, 1996.

I. Scope and Definitions

This policy provides guidance for: (1) development, acquisition, operation, sustainment, and modernization of the Global Positioning System and U.S.-developed, owned and/or operated systems used to augment or otherwise improve the Global Positioning System and/or other space-based positioning, navigation, and timing signals; (2) development, deployment sustainment, and modernization of capabilities to protect U.S. and allide access to a Global Positioning System for national, homeland, and economic security, and to deadversaries access to any space-based positioning, navigation, and timing services; and (3) foreign access to the Global Positioning System and United States Government augmentations, and international cooperation with foreign space-based positioning, navigation, and timing services, including augmentations.

For purposes of this document:

- "Interoperable" refers to the ability of civil U.S. and foreign space-based positioning, navigation, and iniming services to be used together to provide better capabilities at the user level than would be achieved by relying solely on one service or signal;
- "Compatible" refers to the ability of U.S. and foreign space-based positioning, navigation, and timing services to be used separately or together without interfering with each individual service or signal, and without adversely affecting navigation warfare; and
- "Augmentation" refers to space and/or ground-based systems that provide users of spacebased positioning, navigation, and timing signals with additional information that enables

tem has grown into a global utility whose multieconomic growth, transportation safety, and of the worldwide economic infrastructure. In the asing importance of the Global Partioning nuing the deliberate degradation of

le sectors of U.S. critical infrastructure

ations continues, the positioning, navigation, ositioning System remains critical to U.S. ed into virtually every facet of U.S. military es will continue to rely on the Global ing, navigation, and timing services.

Jlobal Positioning System presents homelant and sconomic security. The sal Position System of military, evil, and r many of ne systems inhomelay unlocable ston, and/c ming service in a digital and position, and/c ming service in and in mignals rent capable so that on, the service in the same properties of the service in the service in

maintain the Global Positioning System, and the state of the state of

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stations to support their continued ability to meet

the that the United States maintains space-based examination, back-up, and service denial a variability of positioning, navigation, and timing sland, economic security, and civil requirements, and main the pre-eminent military space-based positioning, ue to provide civil services that exceed or are I positioning, navigation, and timing services and a components of internationally accepted positioning, romote U.S. technological leadership in applications titon, and timing services. To achieve this goal, the

pole-based clobal, precise positioning, navigation, and a larsy fife stems and capabilities through the eligible dentities of policy dentities and capabilities through the eligible dentities and capabilities through the

asis civil space-based, positioning, navigation, and i for civil, commercial, and scientific uses, and for l'Positioning System and its augmentations, and provide sary to develop and build equipment to use these

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sed sisticing, na gatic paraminingers it, ter ence it and passion is to be U and lied security, are this commercial, and securific users

- Maintain the Global Positioning System as a component of multiple sectors of the U.S. Critical Infrastructure, consistent with Homeland Security Presidential Directive-7, Critical Infrastructure Identification, Prioritization, and Protection, dated December 17, 2003;
- Encourage foreign development of positioning, navigation, and timing services and systems
 based on the Global Positioning System. Seek to ensure that foreign space-based
 positioning, navigation, and timing systems and properable with the civil services of the
 Global Positioning System and its augmentatid on order or another trivil, commental, and
 scientific users worldwide of the national seek.

and its augmentations and address mutual ent hostile use of space-based positioning,

, navigation, and timing services and , and local level, to the maximum practical

Navigation, and Timing Services

Based Positioning, Navigation, and Timing ill be co-chaired by the Deputy Secretaries I Transportation or by their designated stives at the equivalent level from the ceurity, the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the National her Departments and Agencies as required. it, including the Office of Management and neland Security Council staff, the Office of conomic Council staff, shall participate as an of the Federal Communications occutive Committee as a Liaison. The year. The Secretaries of Defense and the the Committee shall operate.

ions to its member Departments and tatives of the Executive Office of the II advise and coordinate with and among the spic decisions regarding policies, for maintaining and improving U.S. spacetures, including the Global Positioning is, and relationships with foreign positioning, secutive Committee shall:

g process and facilitate the integration and

the land with the control and land land pulled in a spatian, and timing program plans, requirements maps, and policies, and assess the adequacy of funding as schedules to meet validated sometiments in a timely manner;

- Ensure that the utility of civil services exceeds, or is at least equivalent to, those routinely
 provided by foreign space-based positioning, navigation, and timing services;
- Promote plans to modernize the U.S. space-based positioning, navigation, and timing
 infrastructure, including: (1) development, deployment, and operation of new and/or



Existing and Emerging Threats







1,978,000 hits on "GPS Jammer"



Critical Infrastructure



Agriculture and Food



Banking and Finance



Chemical



Commercial Facilities



Communications



Critical Manufacturing



Dams



Defense Industrial Base



Emergency Services



Energy



Government Facilities



Healthcare and Public Health



Information
Technology



National Monuments and Icons



Nuclear Reactors, Materials and Waste



Postal and Shipping



Transportation Systems

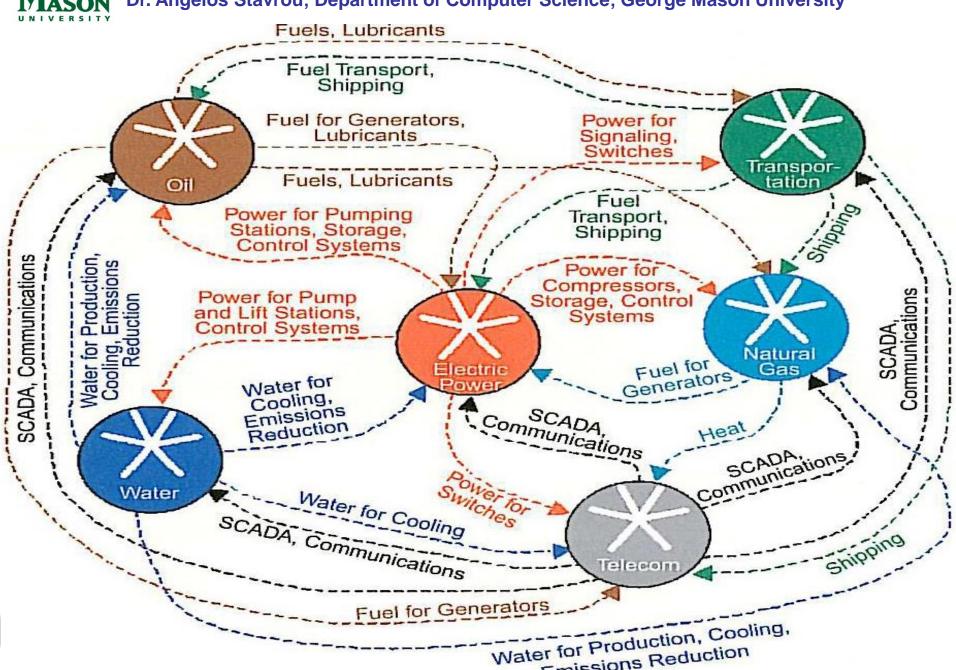


Water





Dr. Angelos Stavrou; Department of Computer Science; George Mason University

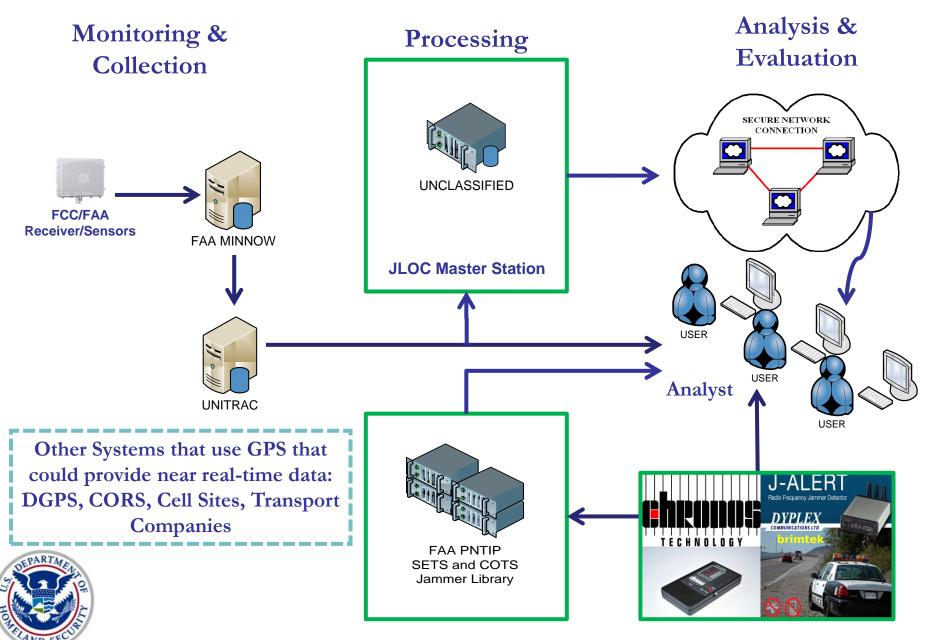


Emissions Reduction

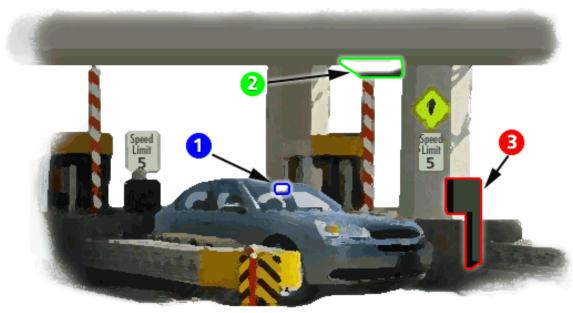
Patriot WatchTM Initiative

- Protect the Nation's 18 Critical Infrastructure & Key Resource Sectors (CIKR)
- System-of-Systems, Open Architecture, Multi-Phased/Multi-Layered Approach
- Near Real-Time Situational Awareness of Position Navigation and Timing (PNT) Interference
 - Leverage Existing mature capabilities & focus on the data,
 less on system/device
 - Common Data Structure for Information Sharing

Patriot WatchTM Architecture



Toll-Booth Concept



- 1 Jammer
- 2 Jammer Sensor
- 3 Integrated Camera System
- Integrated with Camera System
- Alert Enforcement Personnel to Jammer Presence
- Detect & Track Jammers Approaching Entry Point
- Multi-Lane Distinction
- UNITRAC Database Connection



IDM Collaboration Sites



DO NOT PROCESS CLASSIFIED INFORMATION ON THIS SYSTEM

U.S. Department of Homeland Security



Warning: This is a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) computer system. 1370.79a

This computer system, including all the related equipment, networks and network devices (specifically including Internet access) are provided only for authorized U.S. Government use. FAA computer systems may be monitored for all lawful purposes, to ensure that their use is authorized, for management of the system, to facilitate protection against unauthorized access, and to verify the security of this system.

During monitoring, information may be examined, recorded, copied, and used for authorized purposes. All information, including personal information, placed on or sent over this system may be monitored. Use of this FAA computer, authorized or unauthorized, constitutes consent to monitoring of this system.

Unauthorized use may subject you to criminal prosecution. Evidence of unauthorized use collected during monitoring may be used for administrative, criminal or adverse action. Use of this system constitutes consent to monitoring for these purposes.



GPS COTS Jammer Digital Library





FCC Jammer Enforcement

http://www.fcc.gov/encyclopedia/jammer-enforcement

ALERT

Federal law prohibits the operation, marketing, or sale of any type of jamming equipment, including devices that interfere with cellular and Personal Communication Services (PCS), police radar, Global Positioning Systems (GPS), and wireless networking services (Wi-Fi).

"Jamming devices create serious safety risks. In the coming weeks and months, we'll be intensifying our efforts through partnerships with law enforcement agencies to crack down on those who continue to violate the law. Through education, outreach, and aggressive enforcement, we're tackling this problem head on."

-- P. Michele Ellison, Chief, Enforcement Bureau

For more information: http://www.fcc.gov/encyclopedia/jammer-enforcement



If you see something... Say Something™

- USCG Navigation Website:
 - http://www.navcen.uscg.gov/?pageName=gpsUse rInput
- Federal Communication Commission website:
 - http://www.fcc.gov/complaints
 - For further info e-mail: jammerinfo@fcc.gov

Conclusion

- Government (Federal and civil) agencies collaborating to address PNT IDM
- The ability to share information in a timely manner key to successful PNT IDM
- Leverage existing mature technologies that use GPS and harvest near real-time data
- Collecting data to support formal analysis; trends on jammers
- COTS Jammer Library will provide initial fingerprint of devices encountered



THANK YOU

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