

TIPS Development

Tennessee Information for Public Safety
Statewide GIS program
Next Generation 9-1-1

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Current Status 533,888 streets 2,769,713 Addr Points

Over Simplified Steps for building your Next Gen 9-1-1 GIS

- Step 1 Develop a data format that will satisfy the needs/requirements
- Step 2 Adopt a data format standard (that is flexible)
- Step 3 Migrate all 9-1-1 districts to standard data format
- Step 4 Develop program to find changes and passes those to the State
- Step 5 Develop programs to check the quality of the data
- Step 6 Work with 9-1-1 districts to clean up the data for use in Next Gen 9-1-1
- Step 7 Conduct regional meetings to build out a statewide, seamless call routing layer
- Step 8 Develop a user friendly web site for maintenance of call routing boundaries
- Step 9 Process data to ECRF nightly
- Step 10 Breathe

Step 1 – Develop a data format

- Things to take into account
 - O How will it work with current vendors?
 - Can it integrate in the various requirements of the various NENA documents?
 - O How many fields will a 9-1-1 center actually take the time to fill in?
 - Will it allow flexibility for varying requirements?
 - School bus routing, voting districts, etc
 - What is your base software?
 - Tennessee has chosen to do all work in ESRI format



Step 2 – Adopt a data format standard

- Once a data format has been developed work with shareholders to have the format adopted for the project
 - Tennessee Emergency Communications Board
 - As a recommended by the Operations Committee adopted the TIPS format statewide
 - Standard format for:

Address Points
Street Centerlines
ESN boundaries

• Also required a form submitted with:

District GIS contact Maintenance plan



Step 3 – Migrate all 9-1-1 districts to format

- The State was broken up into 3 regions
 - One regional rep for each
 - ~33 districts per region
 - They worked to coordinate with districts and did the migration
 - Needed to know who the 9-1-1 Mapping vendor was to determine process





Step 4 – Develop program to find changes

- Looked at standard off the shelf solutions
 - ESRI replication
 - Backup software
- Decided that a home built solution would allow the most flexibility
 - Allows for additional fields at district for other purposes
 - Allows district to maintain local data state to maintain state
 - o Integrates in quality checks prior to data submission to state
 - Data at state is only TIPS fields, others don't get transferred



Step 5 – Develop programs to check the quality

- Quality checks were developed to ensure data integrity for Next Gen 9-1-1
 - Through many reviews of the NENA quality requirements
 - Through past experience of building data
- Examples:
 - Street segment address overlaps
 - Points and centerlines match
 - Duplicate feature testing
 - MSAG test
 - ALI test
 - Segment direction and parity test



Step 6 – Work with 9-1-1 districts

- Most 9-1-1 facilities do not have GIS expertise
- The size and scope of this work is daunting
- If the task seems to daunting this can cause the districts to resist
- Having the regional people assigned gives the districts the sense of "not being alone"



Step 7 – Conduct regional meetings

- A chance to get districts together this was a rarity
- Seamless call routing boundary meeting
 - The 9-1-1 directors attended these meetings
 - My regional analysts edited the GIS data
 - Once editing was completed the directors got a copy of the data to verify
 - Attempts were made to have districts maintain
 - This was unsuccessful



Step 8 – Develop a user friendly web site

- In order to maintain the seamless call routing boundaries
- Attempts were made to have each district maintain but holes were created
 - Likely due to ESRI licensing restrictions for topology
- Proposal was made to have an easy to use web site where directors could submit changes to boundaries
- State saw the value of this and authorized the development



Step 9 – Process data to ECRF nightly

- Testing to pass statewide data to ECRF will begin soon.
- Likely going to use ESRI standard replication process
- Database will be duplicated 100%
- Processing will need to happen prior to replication to ensure appropriate fields are added and maintained
 - Postal community
 - Country
 - Others as determined



Step 10 – Breathe

- Nothing goes smooth
- There are going to be hiccups
 - ESRI version updates
 - New computers
 - Network issues
 - Server crashes
 - District introduced errors (mass deletes)
 - Data is moved
 - District changes Vendor

